THE RALEIGH NEWS.

VOL. X. NO 112. RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 12, 1877. PRICE: FIVE CENTS.

GRAIN AND FEED STORES.

J. OSBORN'S

GRAIN AND FEED STORE.

A GOOD SUPPLY OF

Horse and Cow Food, Grain, Hay, Flour, Meal,

WOOD AND COAL

LOW FOR CASH.

Office at Wainwright, Williams & Hood's store, and Warehouse at the North Carolina Freight depot. dec19-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ Advertise in a paper of Universal circulation—a paper which maintains right principles in all things; a paper acceptable alike to good men of all parties; and such a paper the NEWS is conceded to be by all men whose opinion is worth having.

FOUND.

Two BRASS KEYS picked up in the hall of the capitol. The owner can get them by calling at this office and paying for this notice. jan12-1t

NOTICE.

This to certify that I have lost or misplaced Certificates for

FIFTEEN SHARES OF STOCK

In the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company.

SYLVESTER SMITH,

jan5-w4w Raleigh, N. C.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL,

RALEIGH, N. C.

FOUNDED IN 1842.

The Seventieth Term of this school will commence on the first day of February.

For a circular apply to the Rector,

ALBERT SMEDES.

jan12-daw-1t*.

LOST OR STOLEN.

At the N. C. Depot on the morning of the 10th, a square wooden box, with a lock and hinges, and an old rope tied around it, containing silver spoons, forks, ladles, &c. The forks and most of the spoons are marked "hines" on the back of them; the others are marked, "R. A. H." under a sheaf of wheat. A handsome reward will be paid to the finder for returning the box and contents to Dr. P. E. HINES.

jan 12-1w.

REPORT

OF THE

CONDITION

OF THE

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK

OF NORTH CAROLINA,

AT RALEIGH, IN THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS DECEMBER 22, 1876.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts,	$ 341,367 20
Overdrafts,	7,900 00
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	100,000 00
U. S. Bonds to secure deposits,	150,000 00
Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages,	55,670 60
Due from approved reserve agents,	161,806 84
Due from other National Banks,	50,511 75
Due from State Banks and bankers,	13,633 54
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures,	116,934 98
Current expenses and taxes paid,	10,332 85
Premiums paid,	31,716 91
Checks and other cash items,	835 23
Bills of other National Banks,	1,200 00
Fractional currency (including nickels),	54,288 00
Specie (including gold Treasury notes),	1,060 00
Legal-tender notes,	20,000 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation),	16,000 00
TOTAL,	$1,349,621 76

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in,	$400,000 00
Surplus fund,	64,000 00
Other undivided profits,	28,256 82
National Bank notes outstanding,	500,000 00
Dividends unpaid,	726 00
Individual deposits subject to check,	288,874 08
Demand certificates of deposit,	45,625 75
Cashier's checks outstanding,	9,619 44
U. S. Deposits,	112,336 70
Deposits of U. S. Disbursing officers,	56,338 99
Due to other National Banks,	3,728 98
Due to State Banks and bankers,	715 0
TOTAL,	$1,349,621 76

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, County of Wake, } ss:

I, JNO. C. BLAKE, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN C. BLAKE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of January, 1877.

JOHN M. SHERWOOD, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:

D. M. CARTER, C. DEWEY, W. N. H. SMITH, } Directors.

jan12-1t.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HAMMILL & WEIR,

CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS,

DEALERS IN

Marble and Stone Work, Lime, Rosendale and Roman Cement, Hair, Laths, and

MANUFACTURERS OF BRICK,

Furnish Curbing at one half usual cost. Flagging at small advance on brick; Window and Door Sills, Water Tablets, Steps and carriage Blocks for a trifle more than wood. All from our new stone. Estimates for any class of work furnished on application.

Office Fayetteville street, next to Standard building, Raleigh, N. C. ap8 1y

COTTON—STORAGE—MONEY!

Many think cotton will be higher. I have

Large Storage Room

and facilities for advancing on Cotton for immediate sale or to be held. Low rate, both for storage and use of money.

J. J. THOMAS, Commission Merchant, No. 8 Martin Street.

an27-d&w-6m

THE CITY.

☞ THE RALEIGH NEWS IS THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN RALEIGH, AND HAS THE LARGEST DAILY CIRCULATION IN NORTH CAROLINA, AND MORE THAN DOUBLE THAT OF ANY OTHER DAILY IN THE CITY OF RALEIGH.

☞ THE WEEKLY NEWS HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION IN NORTH CAROLINA, AND IS THE MOST VALUABLE MEDIUM OF ADVERTISEMENT FOR A STRICTLY "FARMERS TRADE."

The DAILY NEWS is served by faithful and reliable carriers to all parts of the city for 12½ cents per week. Persons desiring to have the paper left at their residence will please call or send address to the office, No. 6 Martin street.

Index to New Advertisements.

ALBERT SMEDES—St. Mary's School.
DR. P. E. HINES—Pox lost or stolen.
RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK—Report.
FOUND—Two brass keys.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

——Special meeting of Wm. G. Hill Lodge, No. 218, to-night at 7:30 o'clock, at the Fisher building.

——The members of the Monogram Pleasure Club are requested to meet this evening at 8 o'clock, at the office of W. A. Turk.

——Information has been received at the executive office of the arrest near the Caldwell county line, of Isaac Barry, who murdered Sophia Harshaw in that section in 1866. W. G. Corpening was the captor.

——An outrage upon justice was perpetrated yesterday in the Superior Court when John Lee, colored, was acquitted of the charge of firing into the Democratic torchlight procession in this city on the night before the election. Several witnesses of unimpeachable character swore to seeing him fire the shot.

——Mr. H. E. Parham has bought the interest of Mr. Rogers in the store of Rogers & Parham, and throws up his position as caterer for the Yarbrough House. He is succeeded in this position by Mr. J. E. Duke, late the night clerk of the hotel, and Mr. Duke is succeeded as night clerk by Mr. T. W. Foster, of Franklin county.

Week of Prayer.

The fourth union prayer meeting was held last night at the Swain Street Baptist Church, and notwithstanding the very bad walking and great distance of the church, there was a very large attendance, and the meeting was deeply interesting. The pastor of the church being absent from the city, Rev. Dr. Pritchard conducted the meeting reading selections of Scripture from Galatians and 1st Timothy, and delivering a most appropriate and eloquent address. The following gentlemen took part in the services: Rev. W. C. Norman, Rev. J. K. Howell, A. M. McPheeters, C. B. Fairchild, N. B. Broughton and J. S. Allen. The meeting to-night is at the Person Street Methodist Church: subject: Prayer for home and foreign missions. (Luke 24:37.)

Personal.

Col. John Hughes, of Newbern, is registersd at the Yarbrough House, as are also Hon. John Manning, of Chatham, and Col. T. B. Venable, of Oxford.

Mr. Pleasant, the chief of the Tuscarora tribe of Indians, arrived in the city last evening. He is looking after a quantity of land lying in this State, for which he claims to hold a deed of many years standing, which deed and claim were mentioned in the NEWS of the 2nd inst.

W. P. Canady, late Republican candidate for Congress in the third district, and one of the commissioners of the Western North Carolina Railroad, is in the city.

Capt. R. B. Peebles, of Northampton, is at the Yarbrough House.

Youthful Depravity.

Yesterday morning two boys, aged respectively about 8 and 10, and both of respectable parentage, while loitering in Branson's book store on Fayetteville street, concealed several books on their persons and left undiscovered.—They traded them around to other boys, for different things, and the boy who keeps the cigar stand in the rotunda of the capitol having traded cigars and candy for some of these books, had his suspicion aroused and carried them back to Mr. Branson. Six of the books were traced up, but it is not known how many more were taken. The boys were not arrested.

Raleigh National Bank.

The recently elected directors of this bank met Wednesday evening to choose officers for the ensuing year. The Cashier, Charles Dewey, Esq., was elected President, succeeding in that office Hon. William H. Battle. The Assistant Cashier, John C. Blake, Esq., was elected Cashier, and the office of Assistant was abolished. There are no changes as to the subordinate officers.

The Place to Stop in New York.

Merchants and others going to New York should consult both comfort and economy. In doing so they cannot find a better hotel than French's on the European plan. Give it a trial and you will be pleased both in price and accommodations.

Native Wines.

Mr. S. T. Mickey, of Salem, has been for several years engaged in the manufacture of wines and has met with great success in his business. One of the peculiarities of his process is the absence of sugar. His announcement will be found under the head of new advertisements.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

SESSION OF 1876–'77.

THURSDAY, Jan. 11.

The Senate was called to order at 11:30 A. M., Lieutenant-Governor Jarvis in the chair.

Prayer by Rev. Dr. Burkhead of the city.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

Reports were submitted from various standing committees, which reports were appropriately referred.

Hon. John Kerr appeared in the lobby, and upon motion of Mr. Mebane, of Rockingham, was invited to a seat on the floor.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Crawford presented a petition from the members of the several churches in Gold Hill, Rowan county, asking the prohibition of the sale of spirituous liquors within three miles of said village. Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Troy, from the joint committee on Penal Institutions to investigate the management of the penitentiary, submitted a report with accompanying documents.

On motion of Mr. Robinson the report and accompanying documents were sent to the House with a proposition to print.

COMMUNICATIONS.

By My. Troy: A proposition for heating the capitol with steam, submitted by J. C. Brewster. Placed on calendar.

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Mr. Stanford: A bill to repeal chap. 37, laws of 1874–'75. Propositions and Grievances.

By Mr. Crawford: A bill to prohibit the sale of spirituous liquors within three miles of Gold Hill, Rowan county. Propositions and Grievances.

By Moore, col., of New Hanover: A bill for the better protection of churches and religious congregations in this State. Propositions and Grievances.

By Mr. Winborne: A bill to be entitled an act to amend Section 33, chap. 25, Battle's Revisal. Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Liles: A resolution in relation to the lease of the North Carolina Railroad. Calendar.

By Mr. Caho: A resolution that a joint committee contract with Mr. Brewster for heating the capitol. Calendar.

By Mr. Coke: An act to amend the pilot laws of the State. Judiciary.

THE SPECIAL ORDER

The bill to repeal chapter 245, laws of 1874–'75, came up as the special order at 11:30 o'clock.

Mr. Moore, of Mecklenburg, moved to postpone to next Thursday, and make special order for 11:30 A. M. of that day.

Mr. Robins opposed this, and the proposition was favored by Messrs. Justice, Mebane, Robinson and Caho.

A vote being taken, the bill was postponed as indicated by Mr. Moore, of Mecklenburg.

CALENDAR.

Bill to be entitled an act to incorporate Zenoah Lodge, No. 235, I. O. O. B., of the town of Tarboro. The bill passed its second reading, and under a suspension of the rules came up on its third reading, which it passed.

Bill to incorporate the Board of Provincial Elders of the Southern Province of the Moravian Church, or Unitas Fratrum, passed its second and third readings, and was ordered to be engrossed and sent to the House.

Bill to incorporate the Winston Baptist Church, of Winston, passed its second reading, and under a suspension of the rules was put upon its third reading and passed. Ordered to be engrossed and sent to the House.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE.

A message was received from the House announcing that it had passed certain bills, which were trasmitted, asking concurrence.

CALENDAR RESUMED.

Bill to incorporate the Rutherford & Spartanburg Railroad. [Proposes that the company shall have a capital stock of not more than $500,000, and shall run from the town of Rutherfordton to a point on the South Carolina line in the direction of Spartanburg.] The committee to which it was referred proposed an amendment providing that the State shall have the power to change the guage of this road when it shall see fit.

The bill passed its second reading, with the amendment offered by the committee, and upon motion of Mr. Justice the rules were suspended and the bill was put upon its third reading, which it passed, and was ordered to be engrossed and sent to the House.

Bill to incorporate the town of Gastonia in the county of Gaston, passed its second and third readings, and was ordered to be engrossed and sent to the House.

Bill for the improvement and reclamation of certain swamp lands in Onslow county. [Proposes to give to the New River Canal Company one half of the swamps for draining all.]

Mr. Finger, the chairman of the committee on Education, to which this bill was referred, argued in behalf of the passage of the bill, holding that this seemed the only feasible plan for bringing these lands into market and making them valuable to the State.

Upon motion of Mr. Caho, the bill was postponed and made special order for Monday next, at 12 o'clock.

Resolution in reference to the free public schools of the State. [Re-affirms the doctrine of a total separation of church and State, declares a system of free, unsectarian schools the true policy of the State, and condemns all attempted legislation tending to impair the usefulness of the free public schools of the State.]

Mr. Stickney moved to indefinitely postpone, upon which motion, Moore, col. of New Hanover, demanded the ayes and noes. The call was not sustained, and the Senate then voted to indefinitely postpone.

Resolution in reference to the lease of the North Carolina Railroad. [Raises a joint committee to ascertain if the Richmond & Danville Railroad have given sufficient security for the payment of the lease money.] Adopted.

Resolution appointing a joint committee to contract with Mr. J. C. Brewster, according to the plans and specifications submitted, for the heating of the capitol building.

The resolution, upon motion of Mr. Latham, was indefinitely postponed.

Bill to amend sub-division 4, sec. 144, chap. 17, Battle's Revisal, was, upon motion, indefinitely postponed.

Bill to incorporate the town of Beaufort, Carteret county, was taken up and passed its second reading.

The Senate then, on motion, adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

At 11 A. M., Mr. Speaker Price called the House to order.

The Journal of yesterday read and approved.

PETITIONS, MEMORIALS &C.

Mr. Shackelford presented a petition from sundry citizens of Lenoir county asking the passage of a law to prohibit the sale of liquor within 2½ miles of Cobb's Church, in said county. Placed on the calendar.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. Staples, from the committee on Judiciary; Mr. Kenan, from the committee on Propositions and Grievances; Mr. Henderson, from the committee on Corporations; Mr. Rose, from the committee on Counties, Cities, Towns and Townships; Mr. Roberts, from the committee on Agriculture, &c.; Mr. McGehee, from the committee on Finance; Mr. Rose, from the Judiciary committee; and Mr. Shackelford, from the committee on Engrossed Bills, submitted reports.

RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS.

By Mr. Houk: A resolution in favor of T. J. Austin. Committee on Claims.

By Mr. Cooper: A bill to change the term times of the Superior Court in the 12th judicial district. Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. Vaughan: A bill to provide a fund for the payment of jurors in the several counties in the State. Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. Hughes: A bill for the encouragement of sheep husbandry. Committee on Agriculture, &c.

By Mr. Pinnix: A bill to amend the Landlord and Tenant Act. Referred to the Judiciary committee and ordered to be printed.

By Mr. Purnell: A bill to authorize every township of the State, having a city of 5,000 inhabitants and more within its limits, to levy taxes for the support of graded public schools. Committee on Education.

By Mr. Gudger: A bill to complete the Railroad from Paint Rock to Warm Springs, in Madison county. Committee on Internal Improvements.

By Mr. McClure: A bill to allow citizens of Clay county to pass through the toll gates of Cherokee county without paying toll. Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

By Mr. Powell: A resolution to appropriate $500 to the Governor as commutation for house rent. Placed on the calendar.

On motion of Mr. Wilson, of Burke, the rules were suspended and the Senate resolution paying J. L. Robinson and R. F. Armfield $450 and $350, respectively, for services rendered as Commissioners for the purchase of the Western N. C. R. R. was taken up.

The resolution also gives W. N. H. Smith $100 for legal services, and ex-Governor Brogden his actual expenses while engaged in this work.

The resolution passed its several readings and was ordered to be enrolled for ratification.

By Mr. Richardson: A resolution to authorize the Public Treasurer to make a demand upon the Receiver for the construction bond-holders of the N. C. R. R., for the interest on the construction bonds of said Railroad owned by the State. Committee on Finance.

On motion of Mr. Kenan, the bill to amend section 2, chapter 105, Battle's Revisal, allowing an executive clerk at a salary not exceeding $600 per annum, was taken up.

The committee on Propositions and Grievances, to whom the bill was referred, reported a substitute allowing the Governor to employ clerical assistance in the executive office, whenever in his judgment necessary, at a salary not exceeding $75 per month.

The question recurred upon the substitute recommended by the committee.

The yeas and nays were called and the substitute was lost by a vote of yeas 36; nays 59.

The question recurred upon the original bill.

On motion of Mr. Moring it was referred to the committee on Finance.

CALANDAR.

The bill exempting all regularly ordained ministers of the Gospel from working on the public roads, was taken up.

On motion of Mr. Vaughan, the bill was laid on the table.

The bill to make it a misdemeanor to carry concealed deadly weapons, was taken up taken up and passed its second reading.

Under a suspension of the rules the bill came up on its third reading.

Mr. Houk moved to indefinitely postpone it.

The yeas and nays were called on this motion and the House by a vote of yeas 7; nays 94 rejected the motion.

Mr. Bryson moved to strike out the word "concealed," in order to prevent the carrying deadly weapons in any way, concealed or otherwise. Lost.

Mr. Bryson moved to recommit the bill to the Judiciary committee. Lost.

Mr. McLean moved to strike out "concealed weapons" and insert "side arms, concealed or otherwise." Lost.

Lloyd col., moved to amend by saying that the provisions of the bill shall not apply to persons hunting wild game. Lost.

Mr. Ormond moved to amend by inserting the words, "or stick weighing more than 4 ounces. Lost.

Mr. McLean moved to amend by saying that the bill did should apply to any bull-dozer. Ruled out of order.

Mr. Bledsoe moved to amend by adding brick-bats. Lost.

Mr. Harrison moved to amend by adding razors. Lost.

Mr. Ormond by adding slung-shots, iron knuckles or leaded canes. Adopted.

Lloyd, col. moved to amend by saying that the bill shall not apply to persons in Pender county. Lost.

On the call of Mr. Vaughan, the previous question was ordered, and the bill passed its third and final reading.

On motion of Mr. Moye, the rules were suspended and the bill to create three new townships in Lenoir county was taken up.

Mr. Davis, of Lenoir, offered an amendment submitting the question of the formation of the new townships to the voters of the townships proposed to be dissected.

The yeas and nays were called and the amendment of Mr. Davis was rejected by a vote of yeas 28; nays 73.

The bill passed its second reading.

Under a suspension of the rules the bill came up on its third reading.

The yeas and nays were called and the bill passed by a vote of yeas 73; nays 29.

On motion of Mr. Powell, Hon. John Kerr, who appeared in the lobby, was invited to a seat on the floor of the House.

Mr. Austin was announced as being detained from his seat for several days past by sickness.

The bill for the benefit of the taxpayers of Forsythe county, was taken up and indefinitely postponed.

The bill to amend section 2, chapter 105, Battle's Revisal, was taken up and indefinitely passed over.

The bill to amend the act to prohibit the sale of cotton within certain hours, was taken up and laid on the table.

The bill in regard to averments in bills of indictments in regard to coin and bank notes, was taken up and laid on the table.

The bill concerning pleadings and appeals from Justice's courts, was taken up and laid on the table.

The bill for the protection of legal notices, was taken up. Substitute of the Judiciary committee was adopted.

[Bill punishes the tearing down of legal notices posted in public places.]

The bill passed its second reading.

The bill in relation to the larceny of money, was taken up and passed its second reading.

The bill to authorize M. L. Arey, tax collector of Salisbury, to collect arrears of taxes for the years 1874 and 1875, was taken up and passed its several readings under a suspension of the rules.

On motion of Mr. Powell, the rules were suspended and the resolution to pay the Governor $500 as commutation for house rent, was taken up.

On motion of Mr. Roberts, the further consideration of the resolution was postponed until Saturday at 12 M.

The bill to punish wilful interference with the water cocks, valves, &c., of the Insane Asylum of Western North Carolina, was taken up and passed its second reading.

On motion of Mr. Cooper, the bill to require the Secretary of State to perfect land grants in certain counties and to empower Registers of Deeds to do so in certain cases, was taken up and passed its third and final reading.

Adjourned.

Died Sure Enough—A Singular Case.

Everybody in Raleigh and almost everybody in the State who has read the Raleigh papers, knows something of a citizen of this place who dreamed many years ago that if he ever passed north of a certain point near his house (which is in the south-eastern portion of the city) and attempted to come up street, he would surely die. His wife dreamed the same thing 27 years ago, but disregarded the dream, passed the spot and soon died. A night or two after her death her husband had the same dream and such an impression did it make upon him that after that time no persuasion could induce him to come up street. He sold all of his property lying near the centre of the city, and stayed relirgiously at home.

Last summer, however, his son and another party had a fight in the presence of the old man, and he was summoned to appear in the Mayor's Court as a witness. A policeman went after him and brought him up street *nolens volens*. Everybody had heard of the curious case, and the appearance of the old man excited as much interest on the streets as that of a wild animal would have done. As soon as he could do so, he returned home where he continued to remain, brooding over his dream and over the fact that he had sinned against what he had believed to be light and revelation, until a few days ago when, after having gradually grown more and more feeble, he calmly yielded up his spirit.

He was 57 years of age when he died and his death and the circumstances of his life will afford a sweet morsel for the superstitious to roll under their tongues.

Signs of the Times.

The seed sown on the recurrence of the fourteenth annual celebration of the proclamation of emancipation has already begun to spring up and bids fair to bring forth an abundance of fruit. In a discourse, by the Rev. G. W. Brodie, at St. Paul's A. M. E. Church, on last Sabboth evening, a very hopeful view was taken of the present situation. He told his congregation that already the clouds in the east are beginning to break away and rays of light were penetrating the darkness by which they were surrounded; and in the language, as expressed but a few days since, by one from whom he least expected such, he believed that God would yet cause the wrath of man to praise Him. The clouds which were so dreaded were big with mercy.

North Carolina Home Fire Insurance Company.

Yesterday the directors of this company met at the office of the company. There are no changes as to the officers. R. H. Battle, Jr., was re-elected President; Major Seaton Gales, Secretary. Pulaski Cowper, Supervisor. Messrs. T. D. Martin and A. W. Shaffer were chosen as the executive committee.

That slight tickling in the throat and disposition to slight cough may be the precursor of years of suffering unless you take Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, which never disappoints. Price 25 cents.

RUMORED DEFALCATION.

JOHN POOL'S PROBABLE PECULATION.

Lo! the Poor Indian—The Political Superintendent of Public Instruction Short in His Accounts.

WHERE DID THE MONEY GO?

A charge of a serious and startling nature is beginning to be whispered around the city, though thus far it has obtained but little currency. It brings to light a case in which, if all the facts are fully established, we are likely to find quite on offset for all the shortcomings of a late Democratic State officer, whose name has been so much in Republican mouths within the past eight or ten months.

To be brief, it is alleged by parties who are in a position to know all of the facts in the case, that John Pool, late Superintendent of Public Instruction, who was appointed to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Stephen D. Pool, is a defaulter. It was known at the time, and was so stated in the papers, that shortly after he took charge of the office, he was entrusted by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs with the sum of $1,500, to be applied to the education of the Eastern Band of North Carolina Cherokee Indians. This money was placed by John Pool in the Raleigh National Bank. It is a matter of fact that of this $1,500, he has paid out the sum of $75 for the purpose for which the money was intended—$75 and no more. With this $75 he paid the salary of one teacher for two months.

Of the $1,500, there now remain in the bank $190, and no more. The fund has been checked on until no more of it than this remains. When Mr. Scarborough took charge of the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, he wrote to John Pool concerning this fund. The latter responded that he had the vouchers for the payment of the money and would answer him satisfactorily when he qualified and gave bond for the proper application of the Indian fund. Bear in mind that Mr. Scarborough had then already qualified. Pool further urged Mr. Scarborough to come on to Washington and they would settle the matter up, and at the same time rather discouraged him from having anything to do with the control of the Indian fund.

This is the state of the case at present. The money is missing and where is it? This question is one which will in all probability come before the Legislature, and then we shall have a solution of it.

It is a significant fact, in this connection, that John Pool was appointed to the office by Governor Brogden in the latter part of July, for the reason that it was thought he would render valuable aid in the campaign, and that he really remained in this State but three or four days, simply coming here from Washington after his appointment and returning in less time than a week.

List of Letters

Remaining unclaimed in the post-office at Raleigh, January 6th, 1877:

A—Adams, Harvey.

B—Branch, Guilford; Banks, Fendall; Barnes, N. W.; Barnes, Henry; Bernis, G. W.; Beal, Jesse; Bell, Miss Charity A.; Burwell, Miss Atthea.

C—Christmas, L. J.; Corden, Edward.; Crow, Lazarus; Cruse, C.; Chavers, Mrs. Jane.

D—Dearsline, Mrs Elizabeth.

E—Evans, Mrs. Ellen; Edwards, Oscar.

F—Fields, Isham; Fort, Ruffin; Foster, R. S.; Fraley, Miss Maggie; Fitts, Miss Lizzie.

G—Green, Archie; Gilrose, Henry; Goodwin, S. P.; Gear, Miss Lucy J.

H—Hawkins, J.; Hobbie, J. B.; Hardie, Miss Julia; Hobbs, Miss Bettie; Howard, Miss Bell.

J—Jones, A.; Jones, J. B.

K—Kretschmann, Mrs. Hugo.

L—Leurs, William.

M—Miller, James M.; Myers, Miss Eliza.

N—Neal, W. A.

O—O'Mulligan, P. J.

P—Pate, Wm. W.; Parish, Thomas; Pace, Mrs. Virginia; Parker, Mrs May.

R—Reed, Dudley; Rhodes, Benjamin; Regins, Miss Lena. (2)

S—Smith, Isaac; Skinner, Robert; Smith, J. W.; Sisemore, E. W. A; Snow, W. D.; Selden, Mrs. Eliza; Smith, Miss Augusta.

T—Thompson, Miss Pennie.

U—Utley, William.

W—Wright, Robert R. P.; Whitworth, E. E. (3); Williams, Miss Sallie C.

Y—Young, Miss Lucy.

W. W. HOLDEN, P. M.

A Case of One Who Would Marry a Negress Anyhow.

The other morning a man sent to the office of the Register of Deeds to get a marriage license. He who was sent for the license had to answer certain questions and among these as to the color of the parties who were about to contract in marriage. The deputy Register of Deeds was surprised to hear in response to his questions that the man was white and the woman colored. Of course the license did not issue.

In the afternoon we happened in the Register's office, and while there the man who had wanted the license entered. He had come to inquire why it was refused him, and though he had it fully explained that the intermarriage of the races was illegal, he left evidently not at all satisfied, because, he said, there are whites and negroes living together here, and he didn't see why he couldn't live with a negro if anybody else did. The man stated that he was born and raised in Denmark. His conversation, however, indicated that he has been living in this country for some time past.

There was present in the office when this Dane appeared, a gentleman to whose mind the circumstance recalled an incident of by-gone times. He remembers to have heard, all his life, of a Hessian who came into Halifax county, this State, just at the end of the revolutionary war, and after living there for awhile, became much infatuated with a negress living in the neighborhood. There was a legal inhibition, as now, to the intermarriage of the races, but there was a clause of the law which provided that if a white man desiring to marry a negro woman, or *vice versa*, would appear before a magistrate and make oath that he or she had negro blood in his or her veins, the marriage might be solemnized. The Hessian was aware of this law, and so, in order to dodge its intent as well as to shield himself from indictment for perjury, he drew about half a pint of blood from the arm of the negress, drank it and then went forthwith and made the necessary oath before a magistrate. The marriage was thereupon solemnized, and the descendants of the couple are still living in Halifax.

Meeting of the Directors of the North Carolina Railroad—Resignation of Maj. W. A. Smith.

Last evening a called meeting of the directors of the North Carolina Railroad was held at the Yarbrough House. Messrs. R. B. Haywood, H. W. Fries, M. L. Holmes, S. H. Wiley, John McDonald, R. L. Patterson, W. R. Albright, T. M. Holt and W. A. Smith were present. The President, W. A. Smith, tendered, on account of declining health, his resignation, which was accepted, and Col. T. M. Holt was unanimously elected to fill the unexpired term, which ends on the second Thursday in July next.

This is a merited compliment to Col. Holt, who has been identified with the road for the last nine years. He is thoroughly conversant with its needs and interests, and will make an acceptable officer in every particular. Col. Holt was President of the road in 1874–'75, and gave then an earnest of the usefulness and ability which he now has an opportunity to display again. The selection of Col. Holt is a most fortunat one in every respect—fortunate for the State and for the stockholders.

Superior Court.

The following was the business before the Superior Court yesterday:

State vs Marcellus Alford, larceny; not guilty.

State vs Henry Brown, assault and battery; $10 and cost.

State vs Wm. Bright, assault and battery; $25 and cost.

State vs James Hughes, assault and battery; $5 and cost.

State vs Dallas Strickland, rape; *nol pros.*

State vs James W. Buck, forgery; *nol pros.*

State vs Jas. Hughes, larceny; guilty; judgment not prayed.

State vs Ben Plummer, larceny; guilty; judgment not prayed.

State vs Timothy F. Lee, trespass, judgment *nisi.*

State vs John Lee, assault and battery; not guilty.

State vs Dock Yates, larceny; pleads guilty; judgment not prayed.

State vs Frank Bryce, peace warrant; dismissed at the cost of the county.

Judgment *nisi* was entered in a number of instances, and a good many cases were disposed of by continuance and otherwise. The grand jury returned some true bills. Judge Watts adjourned court yesterday afternoon for the term, but it will be informally open until Saturday night, and parties may renew their bonds to-day and to-morrow. Merchants who were indicted at June term 1876 for failure to take out license, are notified that they will save cost by complying with the agreement between the Solicitor and their counsel and paying up the cost which has already accrued against them $2.92.

Flour has advanced $1.50 a bbl. W. Woollcott is still retailing the very best at 5cts a lb. He has a lot of choice butter at 35cts a lb.

For the choicest matter see fourth page.

DAILY NEWS.

FRIDAY,.....JANUARY 12, 1877.

The Official Organ of the City.

PRINTER TO THE STATE.

PUBLISHED IN

The News Building, No. 5. Martin Street.

TERMS:

ADVERTISING RATES.—Per square (ten lines nonpariel) first insertion $1.00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.00. Local notices 10 cents per line each insertion. Contracts for advertisements for any space or time can be made at the NEWS counting-rooms.

CONTRACTORS will positively not be allowed to exceed their space, or advertise other than their legitimate business, except by paying specially for the same.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.—Daily one year, $5.00; six months, $3.00; three months, $2.00. Weekly, one year, $1.00; six months, 75 cents. INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

CIRCULATION.

THE DAILY NEWS has the largest daily circulation in the State, and over double the circulation of any other daily in Raleigh.

The combined circulation of the Daily and Weekly NEWS is nearly 5,000, and reaches more readers than any other paper in North Carolina.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Each subscriber will see plainly printed on the yellow label, on which his name is printed, the date when his subscription will expire. Subscribers desiring to renew will do so in time and avoid losing any copy of thhir paper. Any subscriber failing to receive a copy of his paper will confer a favor by notifying this office.

☞All Communications should be addressed simply

THE NEWS, Raleigh, N. C.

Persons unable to obtain the NEWS at News Agencies, on Railway Trains, and other places where usually sold, will confer a favor by reporting the fact to us.

Our subscri' s will greatly oblige us by giving p mpt information of any delay in receiving their papers.

1877.

A Year of Momentous Political Events.

Prospectus of the Raleigh News.

Momentous events are thronging to the front. Two political parties of the country are marshaling their intellectual forces for the constitutional battle, on which hangs the fate of the government for the ensuing four years, perhaps for all the time. From now until the 4th of March the republic will be the theatre of a drama more thrilling in interest than any before enacted in America, to be followed, in all probability, by a period of the profoundest concern to all our people. Some present a terrible clash of arms, but whether or not war results from the turbulent condition of the public mind, it is certain that the year 1877 will see thick crowding occurrences of great moment.

Of these events and circumstances the NEWS will be a watchful, faithful chronicler. Its news will be the freshest and fullest that competent and experienced journalists can obtain on whatever field the same is to be collected.

The NEWS will endeavor, in its editorial course, to uphold the constitution and the laws guaranteeing a truly republican form of government. It will counsel moderation in the treatment of political questions, but firmness in the defence and maintenance of right, as the only foundation of enduring peace.

The NEWS is the authorized organ of the Democratic party.

In all its departments—News and Correspondence, Political, Commercial, Financial, Agricultural, Local, Miscellaneous, &c., the NEWS will at least sustain the character it has so long held, and which has been acknowledged in thousands of commendations from the press, and from the reading public.

Terms—In Advance.

THE DAILY NEWS, published every morning, except Monday, will be furnished at the following rates:

By mail, per year	$5.00
" " six months	3.00
" " one month	60
In the city, by the week,	12½ cents.
THE WEEKLY NEWS, published every Monday:	
One copy, one year,	1.00
One copy six months	75

How to Send Money.

Remittances may be made by draft, money order or registered letter, at our risk. Give Post-office address in full, including State and County, and address the NEWS Raleigh, N. C.

Terms to Agents.

Postmasters and others forming clubs and acting as agents for the circulation of the NEWS may retain ten per cent. on all subscriptions and add single copies at club rates after the club is formed.

☞Papers not sent unless paid for in advance and invariably discontinued at the end of time paid for.

MR. BANCROFT, the historian, is positive in his opinion that Tilden is elected. It is well to have on our side those who write history.

THE soldiers sympathize with the Southern people. Fresh evidence of this was given in New Orleans the other day, when the soldiers cheered the Nicholls militia, who were marching to take possession of the public buildings.

JOHN POOL, the late Superintendent of Public Instruction, should be investigated. There are indications that he misappropriated the funds placed at his disposal for the benefit of the Cherokee Indians. We refer our readers to the disclosures made in another column.

GOV. HAMPTON has set Southern statesmen a noble example in resisting the blandishments of the Hayes party. It has transpired that, during the recent struggle between the rival Houses, Wallace and Mackey, Hampton was visited by an accredited representative of the Republicans in Washington who shape the administration policy and the offer was made that the troops should be withdrawn from the State House and Chamberlain left to his fate if Hampton would take occasion in some public way to declare his conviction that South Carolina had gone for Hayes. The proposition was quietly and promptly declined. If anything were needed to overthrow the suspicions of those who would misjudge the motives of Gov. Hampton on account of his letter to Hayes, it sought to be sufficient.

THE IMPENDING CRISIS.

There is real danger ahead of us. It is needless to disguise the fact; it is folly to shut our eyes to it. The wisest, the most prudent, the most far-seeing among our statesmen admit it. There can be no doubt that a conspiracy exists among certain prominent leaders of the Radical party to prevent by fraud and overthrow by usurpation and violence the will of the people as expressed at the polls. On every hand we see evidence of this. And to increase the danger, it is seen that the President of the United States, the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, the two most influential members of the majority in the Senate, and the General of the army, are committed in advance to the most desperate purposes of the conspirators. The highest officers of the Government hatch treason in broad daylight, and show a willingness to betray the most sacred trusts of the nation.

In the face of all the facts that are daily flashed over the wires, disclosing the steady progress of the conspiracy towards it final consummation, is there any one who does not realize that we are approaching a most grave and dangerous crisis? Is it not apparent to every intelligent man that the Republic is openly threatened, and that our freedom, our liberty, and all the blood-bought rights guaranteed by our constitution are in peril?

The triumph of Mr. Hayes in the way in which it is proposed to be accomplished by Chandler, Morton and Grant, would strike at the roots of the Republic, and mark the beginning of its final decadence and ruin. The conspirators are enemies to the constitution; they fight it covertly, but none the less effectively; and their triumph would, in the language of an eloquent patriot, "leave us nothing but the barren form of the government under which we now live—with public conscience dead, liberty 'throttled, self-government prostituted, real Republicanism assassinated!"

Mr. Tilden has been fairly elected. The Radicals know this as well we do. The honest ones among them are candid enough to admit it. And they as well as ourselves, know that there is no honest way of preventing the legal declaration of the fact. They would defeat the will of the people by fraud. The people look to our Representatives in Congress to make the fraud unsuccessful. We believe that they will do their duty faithfully, fearlessly, and with all the moderation required, but without the least disposition to compromise with the conspirators.

A firm, unswerving course on the part of the Democrats in Congress, may lead to complications that would produce an emergency which would test to the uttermost American love of the constitution and American valor. But that should not deter our Representatives. They would court defeat by showing "that timidity, which so often passes current for expediency." The only course is the legal one; and in that course they should go straight onward, "bating no jot of heart or hope." Every patriot in the land should in the impending crisis bear in mind the words of our Governor, "Show us the law, and it sufficeth us."

THE WASHINGTON MEETING.

One of the most important and significant of all the meetings held on old Hickory's day, was the grand Democratic gathering at Washington. The demonstration was an imposing one. Stirring speeches were made by Henry Watterson, Joseph Pulitzer, Richard T. Merrick, and others; and patriotic letters were read from General George B. McClellan, Hon. David Dudley Field, Hon. J. S. Black. Hon. Lyman Trumbull, and others.

It was the common opinion of all the speakers and writers that the Union and the Constitution are in great peril; that Tilden is the lawful President; and that he must be inaugurated at all hazards.

Mr. Merrick, the chairman of the meeting, asserted "That the fact that there existed a conspiracy among the desperate members of the Republican party to preserve their power by the perpetuation of a crime against the constitution and people of the United States, is a fact too plainly manifested by the events that have transpired within the last sixty days to admit of doubt in the mind of any thinking man."

Mr. Tarbox closed a magnificent speech by begging the American people "by everything sacred to the hearts of freemen, to demand nothing that is not right, and submit to nothing that is wrong"—an appeal that tersely expressed the prevailing sentiment of the assemblage.

A letter from General George B. McClellan, contained these sentences: "It is the prime conviction of the Democratic party that Governor Tilden has been fairly elected President of the United States, and that there is no honest way of preventing the legal declaration of the fact; and that should the Congressional investigations now progressing confirm this conviction, "we should openly declare that no Democrat in the land will acquiesce in a decision reached by chicanery, force, or fraud."

Hon. Jeremiah Black said in his letter to the President of the mass-meeting, that "our right to inaugurate the President we have elected is so clear and unquestionable, that 'he who doubts is damned.'"

The resolutions adopted were bold and uncompromising in spirit; and reflect pretty thoroughly the determination of the Democratic masses in the Northern States, which in short is to maintain by force of arms if necessary, any action which the House of Representatives may take in the final decision of the controversy.

The hope was generally expressed that there would be a peaceful solution of the difficulty; but none of the speakers were confident that it would not become necessary for us to maintain our rights by a resort to arms.

GOVERNOR HAMPTON'S tax collectors are at work in South Carolina. Property holders vie with each other for precedence in paying the 10 per cent. assessment. The wealthiest and the shrewdest business men lead the way; and in many instances taxes are sent direct to Gov. Hampton, the tax-payers being impatient to serve the good cause. The entire levy is being collected with unprecedented alacrity, and the Hampton administration will have all the pecuniary as well as moral support desirable. The utter and irremediable exhaustion of the Chamberlain government is only a question of time.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The New York *Times* is constrained to admit that the message of Governor Robinson is in the main, "distinguished by good sense and good taste," which is about the only remark the *Times* has made in a long while, that was distinguished in the same way.

Cincinnati *Enquirer*: If the suggestion as to a new election is a "feeler" on the part of the Republicans, it is a decidedly successful one, for the answer evoked from every Democratic paper in the country is a positive and prompt refusal to entertain it.

St Louis *Republican* (Dem.): Stearns, the politically defunct Florida carpet-bagger, wants a foreign consulate to heal his bleeding wounds. Give him a bottle of Worcestershire sauce and send him to the Cannibal Islands. Perhaps he won't come back any more.

Indianapolis *Sentinel*: Hayes is trying to make it appear that somebody wants to kill him. We see no reason for killing Hayes as long as there is a bed-bug to kill or a skunk to skin. Hayes need not be frightened; there is not a weak-minded inmate of any benevolent institution in the land whose life is more secure from assassination.

The Democratic party wants the electoral vote counted in the manner the Constitution prescribes and as honesty and justice demands. The Radical leaders oppose this mode of doing things. They insist on trickery and revolutionary proceedings that will defeat the will of the people. It should not be a hard matter for the people to judge between the two.

The New York *Tribune* has started anew to make game of General Butler, for it says of the rumor sent out from Washington that certain Northern Republicans are secretly at work in favor of the inauguration of Tilden: "The average Massachusetts Republican jumps up and exclaims, "What will you bet that Butler is not at the head of the movement?" and not a man offers to bet anything.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Gladstone, it is said has realized the extraordinary sum of $6,000 from his pamphlet on the "Bulgarian Horrors."

General Dix appears in a new character. His picture has been cut out of a newspaper, framed, hung up on a wall and worshippd as a Russian saint in Siberia.

The first speech which ex-Governor B. Grantz Brown, of Missouri, has made in court for more than twenty years was delivered by him before a jury in St. Louis last Wednesday.

Archbishop Bayley is still at Newark, N. J., and has not improved in health. He may go either to Europe or Florida. In his absence Bishops Becker and Gibbons officiate when necessary.

Donald G. Mitchell made his reputation years ago, in his "Reveries of a Bachelor" (by Ik Marvel:) he has long been leading a quiet farmer's life; and now his first book is being translated into Italian.

Kossuth, in a review of the present aspect of the Eastern question, thinks Hungary should resist Russia encroachments at all hazards, and that a bloody war would be preferable to the further extension of the Northern power.

Mr. Coe, the stage manager of the Haymarket Theatre, London, was dismissed for receiving bonuses from actors for obtaining them engagements. For this action he sued the lessee of the theatre and obtained $5,000 damages.

Dr. Tyng denounces ladies' three button gloves as extravagant. And yet says the *Graphic*, we would not indorse his angelic temper on finding a single button missing from his shirt when in a hurry on a cold morning to marry a $10 couple.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Wanted at this office—a few returning boards to kindle fires with.—*Torch-Light.*

Too late, the old gentleman who keeps the fire below, holds all that species of kindling material in reversion.

Mrs. Winifred Congleton, born in Beaufort county in 1776, died Dec. 21st 1876—another centennarian gone.

Granville county will now be a good place for a cabinet maker to open business in, as the *Torch-Light* says there were four hundred marriages in the county last year and a fair prospect for five hundred this. Cradles and other household articles will be in demand by the time the tobacco crop comes in.

Wilmington seems to have a full crop of house breakers prowling round. Several attempts, more or less successful have recently been made to rob private residences there, the latest reported being that of Dr. R. W. Ward, one morning this week, in which the theif got one pocket book containing $50, but left another containing $400.

One thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight persons applied at the general delivery, at the Wilmington post office, last Saturday, for letters, of whom only two hundred and thirty-one got any. Of the one thousand five hundred and forty-seven, no doubt one-half left with a vague impression on their minds that there was some trick about it by which they failed to get letters.

In regard to the Superior Court of New Hanover county, the question has arisen, and is, to some extent, puzzling the lawyers, whether the January term now in session, is a part of the Spring term or not. If it is, Judge McKoy cannot hold, according to the provisions of the recent act, and if not, then it throws the whole rotation out for the future. It is thought that special legislation will be necessary to unravel the difficulty.

The Department of Agriculture.

To the Editor of the News:

SIR:—In our last article we gave a short history of the movement by the Grangers, which resulted in the passage of the ordinance by the convention establishing this department. This is purely a farmers' movement and was originated by them with a view to seeing if nothing could be done to revive the terribly depressed agricultural interests of the State. The Raleigh Grange, the largest and most influential Grange in the State, has taken the lead in the movement and will soon present her memorial to the Legislature, praying for the establishment of such a department as they believe will answer the purpose they have in view, namely the encouragement of agriculture. As there seems to be two different plans to accompish this end in various States, we give an outline of each:

Some of the Northern States, for some years past, have had boards of agriculture composed of men appointed from different parts of the State and whose personal expenses, while in attendance on the board, are paid by the State.—This body meets at the Capital of the State or wherever they please, have a Secretary with a salary of $2,000, and a clerk at $600 (at least this is the amount paid in Massachusetts,) and, may be, more in other States; at the end of the year the Secretary publishes a book of reports somewhat similar to those published by the U. S. Agricultural Bureau, and which often times contain but little of practical value to those actually engaged in farming, being, too often, essays by "side-walk" farmers, showing how farming should be conducted, according to their views. These are published at the expense of the State. One trouble of these boards is, to get the right sort of men on them and keep out politicians; politicians having a general idea that farmers cannot talk and that they must attend the meetings of the boards to do the talking. This is a great mistake, as any man who has ever attended a Grange meeting knows, where nothing but agricultural matters are discussed.

The Connecticut Board, after four years trial at a cost of over $13,000, and having as distinguished a chemist as Professor Johnson to make analyses of manures for them, was abolished by law on July 21st, 1870. It was desired that it should be, and we think it has been, re-organized on a different basis.

The meeting of the Massachusetts Board last November has been severely criticized in some of the agricultural papers of that State; there was too much sameness in the reports, or, as one paper expressed it, "if the members of the Board are to be regarded as grown up children, this sameness may be useful, but if they are to be regarded as grown men, having an intellectual growth from year to year, then some new thought on agriculture for each discussion would seem profitable." The trouble about this plan is that it is not of much practical benefit to the farmers, and the Board soon gets to be manipulated by designing men to suit their politics of their views, and farmers soon lose confidence, and do not care to attend such meetings. The members who are appointed, attend the meetings solely with a view to having a "good time," plenty to eat and plenty to drink, and as many pretty girls to attend the ball as can be had. We are too poor to spend money on such luxuries; farmers are not willing for the State to be taxed for such purposes in the name of agriculture. Some of the Southern States, seeing the difficulties of the "Board system," at the North, have adopted a plan by which they think they have avoided all its errors. We will take Georgia as an example. The Legislature of that State established a "Department of Agriculture," and appointed a commissioner who is responsible for its successful working, and whose duties are clearly defined by law. Some of these duties are to investigate and report on the culture of wool, the utility and profits of sheep raising, and all the information upon this important subject that he may deem of interest to the people of the State; upon questions of interest to horticulturists and fruit growers: upon diseases of grain; and other crops of the State. Upon the subject of irrigation and how the cost of fences can be lessened; the various insects injurious to the crops, plants, and fruits of the State, and shall have under his special charge the analysis of fertilizers, and, if any brand is pronounced of no value, the sale of the same shall be prohibited in the State. The examination and analysis of fertilizers is at no cost to the State or the farmer as every manufacturer must have his fertilizers analyzed by the commissioner., or by a chemist of his selection, before offering the same for sale in the State. To give a synopsis of all his duties would extend this article to too great a length. It is believed that the Southern plan avoids all the difficulty of the Northern, and besides, the Northern plan is not adapted to our thinly settled country, where railroad facilities are not as convenient as they are North. The Georgia Department has been a success and has been endorsed by the agricultural societies and granges. We saw a planter the other day who thought he would have saved $125, if he had seen the pamphlet issued by the Department in Georgia on the subject of sheep; it having cost him that amount to learn that the variety of sheep he had purchased was not adapted to this country and which had failed in his hands.

As this article is already too long we will give our views on the great benefits to be derived by our farmers from such a department, and its connection with the geology of the State, at another time; also give the reasons why this department should be distinct from the State.

* *

GOODNOUGH!!!

NOW, if the "Goodnough" Horse Shoe will last twice as long as the ordinary Shoe—and I claim it does—and it costs no more to have them put on your horse—what do you say to sending your horse to be shod by

GEORGE BATCHELDER,
Near New Fair Grounds.

IF MONEY IS SCARCE!

Wagons, Buggies, Carriages and Carts are manufactured and repaired—at prices to suit that scarcity—all work guaranteed.

GEORGE BATCHELDER,
Near New Fair Grounds,
Hillsboro St. Road, Raleigh, N. C.

ROCK BOTTOM AND NO MISTAKE.

Is our platform for prices on Wines, Whiskies, Brandies, Cigars, &c. Groceries, of every description.

mh30-12m GEORGE BATCHELDER.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the present session of the General Assembly of North Carolina, for an Act to incorporate "The Raleigh News Company," of the city of Raleigh, N. C.

jan5-30d

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Desire to announce to their patrons that they have engaged as Head-Moulder, Mr. JAMES RHODES, well known to all older residents as an efficient and able workman in this place, during the years of 1863 and 1864. Having also thoroughly overhauled and renewed our Machinery during the holidays, we are still better prepared to do all and everykind of work in our line and at prices that defy all competition.

To Farmers and Merchants we would say that we have not only still further reduced the prices of our Plows and Plow Castings, but have added improvements to them, making them

The Champion Plow of the South.

Hoping for a continuance of the very liberal patronage that has been bestowed on us heretofore, we remain,

Respectfully,

McCALLUM & COOPER,

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SAVE YOUR COTTON SEED,

THE PACIFIC GUANO COMPANY,

COMPOUND ACID

Phosphate of Lime,

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PLANING AND MOULDING MILL,

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Rough and Dressed lumber, all kinds and any quantity. Sawed heart pine shingles, White pine Sash, Doors and Blinds at short notice.

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MISFIT CARPETS.

English Brussels, Three-Ply and Ingrain; also, Stair Carpets, Velvet Rugs Crumb Cloths, etc., very cheap at the Old Place,

112 FULTON STREET, NEW YORK.

Carpets carefully packed and sent to any part of the United States free of charge.

☞SEND FOR PRICE LIST☜

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mh 6'76-Dw1y

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICES OF STOVES AND TIN WARE AT

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For Paints, Oils, Varvish, Paint Brushes, &c., &c. go to BREWSTER'S.
Window Glass and Putty sold cheaper than elsewhere at BREWSTER'S.
Hardware in all its branches, and of the best quality at BREWSTER'S.
The most complete stock of stoves and house furnishing goods at BREWSTER'S.
Nails, Iron, Horse and Mule Shoes, sold at the lowest price by

J. C. BREWSTER,

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GLINES' SLATE ROOFING PAINT AND CEMENT

FIRE-PROOF. Contains no Tar.
ECONOMICAL. Saves Re-Shingling.
ORNAMENTAL. Preserves Tin or Iron.

STOPS ALL LEAKS.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN.

A roof may be covered with a very cheap shingle, and by application of this slate be made to last from 20 to 25 years. Old roofs can be patched and coated, looking much better, and lasting much longer than new shingles without the slate, for one-third the cost of reshingling. This Paint is practically fire-proof against sparks or flying embers, and for tin and iron has no equal, as it expands by heat, contracts by cold and will not corrode in the most exposed places. Roofs covered with Tar Sheathing Felt can be made water tight at a small expense. The Slate Paint is

EXTREMELY CHEAP!

Two to three gallons will cover 100 square feet of shingle roof, or 400 to 600 square feet of tin, iron, felt, matched-boards, or any smooth surface; although the Paint has a heavy body it is easily applied with a brush, and neither cracks in winter, nor runs in summer.

On decayed shingles it fills up the holes and pores, and gives a new substantial roof that lasts 10 years. Curled or warped shingles it brings to their places, and keeps them there. It fills up all holes in Felt roofs, stops the leaks and although a slow dryer, rain will not effect it a few hours after appling. As nearly all Paints that are black contain tar, be sure you obtain our genuine article which (for shingle roofs) is chocolate color, when first applied, changing in about a month to a uniform slate color, and is to all intents and purposes slate.

ON TIN OR IRON ROOFS

our red color is usually preferred, one coat being equal to five of any ordinary Paint. Estimates promptly furnished. For brick walls our bright red is the only reliable slate Paint ever introduced that will effectually prevent dampness from penetrating and discoloring the plaster.

FIRE-PROOF NEW ROOFS.

Mills, foundries, factories and dwellings a specialty. Materials complete for a new steep flat Roof of Rubber Roofing costs but about half the price of reshingling. For private houses, barns and buildings of all descriptions it is far superior to any other roofing in the world for convenience in laying, and combines the ornamental appearance, durability, and fire-proof qualities of tin, at one third the cost.

NO TAR OR GRAVEL USED.

PAINT. Test in the world! Costs half the price of white lead, lasts longer, covers more, looks better, practically tested 20 years, and has proved far superior to ordinary paints every time. The paint is ready for use in all known shades, can be applied by any one with perfect success, on either inside or outside work, floors, walls, fences, &c.; warranted elastic, water-proof and not to peel, chalk off or crack; dries quickly on any surface, forming a smooth, firm, elastic, and beautiful paint. Sample card of colors and estimates free.

Manufacturers of Slate and Marble.

MANTELS. New designs, beautiful colors, matching carpets, trimmings or decorations in rooms. We have a large number set up in our ware rooms for inspection, and are selling at very low prices. Very handsome designs for $12, $18, $20, $22, and $25. Book of designs and price list forwarded on application.

NEW YORK CASH PRICE LIST.

1 Gallon Slate Roofing Paint, can and box	$1 20
5 " " " " "	5 00
10 " " " " and Keg	9 00
½ Barrel (20 Gallons)	18 00
1 Barrel, about 40 Gallons	36 00
1 Roll (200 square feet) Glines' Rubber Roofing	30 00
10 Pound Can Glines' Cement for chimneys, or large holes, or cracks in roofs	6 00
Brushes	1 25
Enamel Paint, ordinary shades per gallon	25 cents, $1.00, 1.50 and 2.00 each.
Orders from parties not known to us must be accompanied with the cash, or satisfactory city reference. We do not send goods C. O. D. Your custom solicited. Correspondence invited. Send for illustrated circular to	2 00

N. Y. SLATE ROOFING CO., Limited, 6 Cedar St., N. Y.

J. A. ROGERS, Agent, Blount Street, opp. Cotton Exchange, Raleigh, N. C.

de16dwas-1mw 4t

A. C. SANDERS & CO.,
Grocers, Cotton & Guano Dealers,
NO. 2 MARTIN STREET,
Want to Sell
ONE DOUBLE-SEATED CLOSE CARRIAGE
AND ONE GOOD STRONG BUGGY

INSURANCE.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD.

ACCUMULATED ASSETS OVER $45,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME NEARLY $10,000,000

EXPENSE TO INCOME ONLY 75 per cent

Insure in the SAFEST, the CHEAPEST and the BEST Company.

☞Send for statement containing table of rates, etc., to

S. D. WAIT, Gen'l Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

OFFICE—Opposite Postoffice.

nov 17d&w3m

J. J. THOMAS.

No. 8 Martin Street, Raleigh, N. C.

GENERAL

Commission Merchant,

will receive, sell, or store, and advance on COTTON. Low rate of interest and storage charges. Refer to Citizens' National Bank, Raleigh, N. C.

au27-d&w-1y.

HOTELS.

ST. JAMES HOTEL

Pleasantly located at the southwest corner of Capitol Square,

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

Has gained in popular favor and maintained its reputation for uniform cleanliness, first class fare, prompt and polite attention to guests.

Charges reduced to $3, $2.50 and $2.00, according to size and location of room.

Jun6e2l-tf

CIGARS! CIGARS!

The best cigars to be had in the city at

CARMER'S Drug Store

dec 23-2w Opposite Market House.

CHRISTMAS OYSTERS.

TOM MACON is on hand to supply you with all the Oysters you want. He is opening every day a car load from the shell. THEY ARE ALWAYS FRESH. The different grades are on hand all the time. Dealers will find it to their advantage to buy direct from us.

SINGLETON & Co.,
de23-1m. Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE.

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law having in their possession civil issue papers belonging to the office of the clerk of the Superior Court of this county, are urgently requested to return said papers on or before the 15th inst.

C. T. UPCHURCH,
Deputy Clerk.

jan -5D4t

DAILY NEWS.

FRIDAY..... ..... JANUARY 21, 1877.

THE WEEKLY NEWS is the best weekly paper published in North Carolina. It is only ONE DOLLAR per year, postage paid, contains 32 columns of plain printed news from every section of the country, and important advertisements. Always Cash.

☞ The Editor of the NEWS is not responsible for the views and opinions expressed by correspondents.

☞ Correspondents are requested to be as brief as the nature of the subject upon which they write will admit.

☞ The names of correspondents are required in every instance for the private information of the editor, as a guarantee of good faith.

☞ Anonymous communications will invariably be consigned to the waste basket, without notice.

☞ Correspondents are requested to write only on one side of the sheet; otherwise great inconvenience is caused to the printer.

SPEECH OF HON. JOSEPH ULITZER.

Delivered at the Grand Democratic Gathering in Washington on Monday.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen: We celebrate to-day the triumph of American valor, American honor, American freedom! But we celebrate it under a sky clouded by danger to the Republic, with treason hatching at broad daylight, and traitors polluting the highest trusts of the nation. The possible gloom in the future causes us to turn to the glory of the past with increased fervor.

Away with platitudes and commonplaces! Let us not mar the day we celebrate by that timidity which so often passes current for expediency. Nothing can be expedient that is wrong. And the truth cannot be wrong. Let us speak out like men, like freemen, like true Americans!

Is there a patriotic heart within the sound of my voice that does not feel the country to be in danger? Is there an intelligent American here who does not know that the Republic is openly threatened? Is there one who does not see that our freedom, our liberty, our sacred rights of self-government are all in peril?

We celebrate the battle of New Orleans. But there is a battle of equal import, though of different character, going on near New Orleans to-day.—And the danger is far greater than it was sixty-two years ago. The battle we must and shall be, that this Republic the of to-morrow may decide. The bat- Republic must decay and perish. The enemies of 1815 fought the Republic openly; the enemies of 1877 fight it covertly. The enemies of 1815 aimed at the possession of the Government; the enemies of 1877 possess it already. The enemies then would have subverted the Government; the enemies to-day openly threaten to subvert it. The enemies of 1815, if successful, would, in their own interests, have tried to please the people; the enemies of 1877 defy the people, by refusing to surrender the Government to the will of a large majority of the nation. Then, Government and people were in hearty accord, one and inseparable; now, the Administration is in open hostility to the law and Constitution—the will and the interests of the people. Then all the people had a President of the United States; now we have none—only a President of the Republican party. Then, a loss of some territory might have purchased peace; now, peace may cost our manhood and our liberty. Then, the triumph of the enemies of the country might have involved the loss of our *form* of government; now would leave us nothing but the barren form—with public conscience dead, liberty throttled, self-government prostituted, real Republicanism assassinated! [Great cheering.]

"I'd rather be a dog,
And bay the moon,
Than such a Roman!"

Samuel J. Tilden is the President elect. He must be inaugurated. [Tremendous cheering.] We demand it in the name of a large majority of the American people; we demand it in the name of the majority of the States; we demand it in the name of the majority of the electors; we demand it in the name of the present House of Representatives; we demand it in the name of the next House of Representatives; we demand it in the name of the Constitution; we demand it is the name of the ancient customs and all the traditions and precedents of the government since the days of Washington; we demand it in the interest of right and justice; we demand it in the interest of the people, in the interest of true peace, in the interest of humanity; we demand it to save the Republic! [Tremendous applause.]

I hear; "What! resistance?" Yes, I unhesitatingly answer, resistance! This word has no terror to my soul. I offered resistance to the rebels of 1861 because I sincerely believed in the cause of the Union. How, then, can I hesitate to resist the rebels of 1877? Then I only fought for the preservation of the Union; now I must, if inevitable, fight for the preservation of the Republic. I served a good cause then, but I would serve even a better cause now. Then only the division, now the destruction of the Republic is threatened. [Great applause.]

The new confederates of to-day speak of "submission for the sake of peace." So spoke the President of the French Republic when becoming an infamous perjurer and emperor at the same time, he declared, "The Empire is peace!" So spoke the Russian general in Poland, when, after the most barbarous cruelties he reported: "Peace reigns in Warsaw." So spoke George III when he wanted to subjugate the American colonies. So spoke and speaks every tyrant and every coward. Yes, it would be peace, profound peace—the peace of death, the funeral of the Republic. There can, there shall, there must be no peace with crime. As Burke says: "To be at peace with with fraud and crime is to be an accomplice of it!" Obedience to the Constitution demands resistance to treason and tyranny. "Resistance to tyranny is obedience to God." [Loud and prolonged cheering."]

I hear the twaddlers' cry of "moderation!" It is a wicked lie. This is no time for moderation without determination. Moderation is but another word for apathy and submission. There are moments in our lives when every true man must feel excited. The fathers of this country were excited a hundred years ago. They were excited on the day we celebrate. We must feel excited when those who are dearest to us are in danger—when the house in which they live is on fire and they are asleep. And are not our dearest rights in peril? Does our whole political structure not seem to stand upon volcanic ground? The first duty of the hour, the first instinct of patriotism, should be a feeling of excitement. I would that every church throughout the land rang the alarm bell to warn and excite the people against the coming danger. [Great applause.] In a crisis like this nothing can be more deplorable than apathy—nothing more desirable than a realizing consciousness of the situation.

I hear the enemies cry of "The army." Is it possible that the paltry handful of soldiers strike terror into the hearts of the four million three hundred thousand men who voted for Tilden and Reform? Never!"

I hear the question, "Will Tilden lead?" I am confident he will. [Applause.] There is no instance in all history where millions of people were earnestly determined upon a course wanting leaders. These are the very times that create leaders. If the old ones fail new ones will spring up over night. The large majority of the people of this country, certainly those in my own section, for whom I can speak, are thoroughly determined upon their course. They want to preserve this Union. They want to save this Republic. They want a President elected by the people, of the people, and for the people. They do not want a President by fraud, of fraud and for fraud. They do not want an administration created by four jailbirds—branded as such by their own party—called a returning board. They do not want a Chief Executive chosen, not by the grace of God or the grace of the people, but by the grace of Mr. Tom Ferry, lumber merchant in Michigan. [Laughter and applause.] They do not want a political party, charged, and convicted of high crime, to act at once as defendant, judge, and jury in their own case. They do not want the present reign of robbbers—a sad travesty upon a Republic—to continue in South Carolina and Louisiana. They do not want a divided people and a divided country, but one nation, with a common country and common laws, and common justice, with common interests, and a common destiny! [Tremendous applause.]

This is my creed. This I solemnly demand, not as a Democrat, not as a partisan, but as an American, a Republican. Yes, a Republican in a truer sense of the word than many of those who prostitute that name. Taught to detest slavery when a child, an ardent admirer of Abolitionists when a boy, a Republican when a youth, a private in the Union calvary at the age of seventeen, voting for Grant in 1868, and for the ratification of the fifteenth amendment in the Legislature of my State, I consider myself to-day a Republican in the sense of Abraham Lincoln and Charles Sumner and Chase and Seward, and Horace Greeley.

I sincerely hope that the clouds on the horizon will pass by and prove my apprehensions and warning ill-founded. I pray that the public peace may not be disturbed, and that the beginning of the history and the new century in mark a new era—in public may also as well as peace—a return to prosperity vance of laws and Constitution—a purification of the Government, and an elevation of the character of those who administer it—a reunion of all the people—a restoration of fraternal feeling—a regeneration of the Republic!

"Ring, wild bell,
Ring out sky high!
Ring out the old,
Ring in the new;
Ring out the false,
Ring in the true."

[Great and prolonged applause.]

FROM WASHINGTON.

The President Talks About Martial Law--The Louisiana Situation--The Electoral Count--Bancroft on Tilden; etc.

[Special dispatch to the Baltimore Sun.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The President is reported as indicating that in certain circumstances he will declare martial law in the District of Columbia. Also that it would be illegal for Mr. Tilden to be inaugurated anywhere but in Washington, and that the exercise of executive functions elsewhere than at Washington would be unconstitutional; and further that he had never performed any executive act away from Washington. The attention of several of the leading members of the House was today directed to these expressions, and the general opinion was that the President had been misunderstood. Congress will be in session until the remainder of President Grant's term of office, and while it is in session it would be a rather remarkable stretch of authority for him to undertake to declare martial law in any portion of the United States without its action. If the President has discovered any law conferring such authority on him he is alone in that discovery. When the country was struggling in the throes of the most terrible civil war of history President Lincoln claimed no such authority while Congress was in session, unless expressly conferred upon him. Mr. Hewitt was one of the strongest in his disbelief that the President had made any such utterance. The statement also attributed to the President that he had never performed any official acts away from Washington were regarded as incredible. It is a matter of the most common notoriety that great batches of official papers, commissions and otherwise, were signed by him at Long Branch, although dated at Washington. It has been always understood that the President's action in the black Friday business was officially taken at Long Branch. Official documents printed by order of Congress show in black and white that some of the most important official action ever taken by the President concerning the South was done at Long Branch. The idea of the President undertaking to discourse law is somewhat ridiculous, to say the least. Some of his friends say that he has found his tongue and lost his head. Mr. Hewitt said to-day that it was probable that before a great while his famous interview with the President would be printed. He said that most of what he had seen, as furnished by interviewers, the President had said to him on the Sunday night before the meeting of Congress.

THE LOUISIANA QUESTION.

About the only listener to the intemperate violent and partisan Louisiana speech of Senator Sherman this afternoon was his brother, Gen. Sherman. Every one knew in advance what nature of speech Senator Sherman would make, and during the time he occupied the floor both the Republican and Democratic sides of the chamber were almost entirely deserted.

Senator West and Representative Gibson both had dispatches to-day from New Orleans giving accounts of the occurrences transpiring there. Mr. Gibson was of the opinion that there would be no bloodshed, and he did not think the President would interfere. Senator West went to the White House to back up Packard's appeal to the President for military assistance. Lieut. Gen. Sheridan also turned up here this morning, and seconded the appeals of Packard. He had interviews with the Secretary of War and Gen. Sherman. Gen. Sheridan is staying at the White House as the guest of the President.

THE ELECTORAL COUNT

The special committee of the House on the powers, privileges and duties of the House respecting the count of the electoral vote met again this evening. Every member of the committee was present and there was a long and earnest discussion, the session lasting until half-past eleven o'clock. No agreement was reached on any important point of the subject before the committee, and it is said that the tone of the discussion was such as to afford no hope of ultimate reconcilations of views.

BANCROFT ON TILDEN.

It is understood that George Bancroft, the historian, and President Grant's ex-minister to Berlin, is outspoken in the opinion that Tilden should not be cheated out of his election.

W. C. MCMACKIN, W. R. GULICK.

MCMACKIN & GULICK,

Commission Merchants,

No. 8, Martin Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

And general agents for the sale of MORO PHILLIP'S

PURE PHUINE

—AND—

AMMONIATED PHOSPHATES.

Special attention given to the sale of COTTON and produce generally, by Mr. McMackin.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

se15-1y

WE HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED another full line of

Groceries,

all of standard quality at lowest rates.

JUST RECEIVED:

Sugars of all kinds,
Coffees " "
Spices,
Syrups Powders,
Pickled Beef, Molasses,
Smoked Beef,
Buckwheat Flour,
Dried Corn,
Mince Meat.

BUTTER--BUTTER--BUTTER!

For the convenience of families, and to reduce our large stock of DRIED FRUITS now on hand, we will for the next thirty days, sell our new stock at (retail only) at the following prices:

Prunes, 12½ cents per pound.
Figs, (choice selected) at 20 cents.
Raisins, London layers, 20 cents.
Raisins, Muscatells (loose) 17 cents.
Denia's, excellent for cooking, 15 cents.
English Currants, 12½ cents.
Union Leghorn, 40 cents.
Cranberries, 6 quarts for $1.
Lemons, per dozen, 40 cents.

If your Grocer will persist in furnishing you with a poor quality of Flour, give us a trial We seldom fail to please at

no28-tf J. M. MONIE'S.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

On Tuesday, the 15th day of January, 1877, will be sold at the door of the Court House, in the town of Washington, at public auction, the very valuable farm known as

THE GUILFORD FARM,

containing upwards of three thousand acres, formerly the property of Samuel T. Carrow, lying in the county of Beaufort, on South Creek, near Aurora. Terms are liberal, and will be made known on the day of sale.

WILL. H. BATTLE,
Pres't Raleigh Nat. Bank.

Jan3-1d

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue and in pursuance of authority given in certain Mortgages executed by A. A. Green and Miss Josephine E. E. Green, as well as by special directions of mortgagees, which said mortgages are recorded in books 38 page 723, and book 39 page 253 of Register's office of Wake county, I will sell, on the 31st day of January, 1877, at the court house door in Raleigh, at 12 o'clock M., at public auction, the real estate in said mortgages described, consisting of two tracts, lying near the city of Raleigh and known as a portion of the Bryant Green land, one tract containing 115 acres and the other 119½ acres.

Terms of sale CASH. W. H. PACE,
Attorney of Mortgagees.

Raleigh, Jan. 8th, 1877. d till s

NOTICE.

On the 15th day of January, I will sell at public auction, at the Court House door of the county of Wake, for cash, the following property of L. A. and D. L. Fort, to satisfy the lien bond on the same, viz:

One pair of good mules
One good horse.
One nearly new buggy.
One two-horse wagon.
Two dump carts.
Five head of cattle
Harness, etc.

At the same time and place, I will sell one bay horse, the property under lien bond given to me by W. F. Thomasson.

till d s GEO. T. STRONACH.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

One Hundred and Fifty Acres of Land about six miles from Raleigh, on the east of Neuse River, adjoining the lands of the Neuse Manufacturing Company. Soil well adapted to the growth of corn and cotton.

Apply to me at my residence, or to Battle & Mordecai, Attorneys, at their office in Raleigh.

MARY HINTON.
dec 8-tf. Executrix, &c.

NOTICE.

By virtue of a mortgage on real estate made to me by Andrew Jackson, R. Banks and wife, Rosa Banks, registered in Book No. 40, page 35, Wake County Registry, I will sell at public auction at the Court house door in the city of Raleigh on Saturday, the 27th day of January instant, a tract of land, situated in Panther Branch Township, in Wake county, adjoining the lands of Susan A. Banks, Alfred Rowland, T. L. Banks and George Turner, containing two hundred and thirty-five acres. Terms cash. HANNAH H. YARBOROUGH.

Jan. 3d, 1877.

NOTICE.

By virtue of two mortgages on real estate, made to me by Clinton W. Williams and Gaston H. Wilder registered in Book 36, page 2,912, and Book 39, page 388, Wake Registry, I will sell at public auction at the Courthouse door in the city of Raleigh, on Tuesday, the 2d day of January, 1877, two lots of land situated near the southeastern part of said city, lying on the south side of the Holleman road and formerly owned by J. H. Kirkham, both containing about one-half of an acre. On one of them is a good dwelling house. They will be sold separately. Terms cash.

The above sale has been postponed until January 27th, 1877.

jan5-dtd WM. R. POOL, Agent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR, in half barrels.

NEW NORTH CAROLINA FAMILY FLOUR,

NEW RIVER MULLETTS,

For sale by W. H. DODD,

SPECIALTIES. BEST SPECIALTIES.

OLTED VIRGINIA MEAL.

EGERTON SCOTCH SNUFF.

LIVERPOOL FINE SALT.

LAUNDRY SOAPS.

Address - - - - W. H. DODD,
feb 27 '77 Commission Merchant

Hymans and Dancy,

Cotton

Commission Merchants,

Norfolk, Va.

Make Full Cash Advances On COTTON Whether for Immediate Sale or TO BE HELD.

HARDWARE, JULIUS LEWIS & CO.,

Write for catalogue, prices, &c.

STOVES, Paints, Oils, &c.
IRON, STEEL, NAILS, BELTING.
Largest Stock in the State.
SASH, DOORS, &c.

RALEIGH, N. C.

McCALLUM & COOPER

Founders and Machinists.

Manufacturers of the "HOPE" ENGINE, "CAROLINA" COTTON GINS, "CAROLINA" POWER and HAND PRESSES.

THE HOPE ENGINE

Is the CHEAPEST, SIMPLEST, STRONGEST, MOST DURABLE and ECONOMICAL Engine of its kind made. Any boy can learn to run one with perfect safety in a few hours. Parties thinking of buying Engines for Cotton Gins or Presses, Corn or Saw Mills, would find it to their advantage to try us before purchasing elsewhere. Over 50 in use in this State alone.

THE CAROLINA GIN.

Iron Frame, is noted for its superior lightness of draft, cleanness and quickness of picking and length of lint, surpassing all other gins in these particulars, while its price is much less.

Carolina Cotton and Hand Presses

Have been still further improved by us this season, making them at once the cheapest, strongest and most easily-run press ever offered to the planters of this state.

We also manufacture and keep on hand all kinds of Saw Mills, Mill and Mining Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Tanks, Pollers, &c. Estimates furnished for work. Re-Pairing and jobbing done promptly at manufacturers prices, and by skilled workmen. Full price lists and particulars of all the above sent on application.

Address P. O. Box 267. McCALLUM & COOPER,
apr1 15 '76-d&wly Raleigh, N. C.

VALUABLE CITY LOTS FOR SALE.

I will, on Thursday, the 18th day of January, 1877, sell at public auction, on the premises, four or five of the most desirable BUILDING LOTS in the city of Raleigh, being in the rear of the residence of W. D. Haywood, and part of the square on which his house is situated. The lots front north and east, and will be sold in size to suit purchasers.

Terms of sale, CASH; time of sale 12 o'clock, Monday, January 8th, 1877.

Place of sale on the premises.

de20-tds. GEO. H. SNOW, Receiver.

WOOD!! WOOD!!!

I respectfully invite citizens of Raleigh in need of WOOD to call at my yard, at the foot of Hargett Street, west; or leave their orders at A. Creech's, Julius Lewis & Co's, Lynn Adams', or B. K. Partin's.

Shingles and Lumber,

ALL AT REASONABLE RATES.

de23 sod3m. H. C. OLIVE.

CLOTHING

CLOTHING. CLOTHING. CLOTHING. CLOTHING.

Beautiful Stock OF FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING AND Gents' Furnishing Goods IS NOW BEING OPENED AT J. M. ROSENBAUM'S Clothing House, Corner Fayetteville & Hargett Streets.

Thanking the good citizens of Raleigh and Wake county for their liberal patronage in the past, I assure them that I shall endeavor to merit it in the future by keeping good Goods at the lowest living prices.—Give me a call before buying elsewhere. We take pleasure in showing our stock and telling our prices.

CLOTHING!

oct15-3m.

THE PEOPLE WILL FIND

THE RALEIGH NEWS.

(The organ of the Democratic party)

TO CONTAIN

THE LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS

IN FULL EACH DAY BY

COMPETENT REPORTERS.

Outside of this special feature the whole

Compass of News.

Is Embraced in its Columns, thus Placing

THE NEWS

ON A FOOTING WITH THE LEADING JOURNALS OF THE DAY.

In addition to which the management refer to to the very low price at which it is furnished.

DAILY one year, $5: (Postage Paid.))
WEEKLY one year, $1: (Postage Paid

Write for sample copies or remit your subscription by Money Order, Registered letter or draft, at once to

THE RALEIGH NEWS,
Raleigh, N. C.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

THOMAS R. LOADER,

FASHIONABLE

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 16, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,
(opposite State National Bank.)

RALEIGH, N. C.

I have just returned from the North with a large stock of

ELEGANT DRESS GOODS,

Such as Fine CASSIMERES of all grades, BROAD-CLOTHS, DOESKINS, and in fact everything to be found in a First-class Merchant Tailoring Establishment.

I employ none but FIRST-CLASS Workmen and can guarantee satisfaction to all who may kindly give me a call.

MY PRICES

are as reasonable as can be found anywhere else.

All orders promptly filled, Repairing and cleaning neatly and cheaply done.

Oct15-3m.

DRY GOODS.

52 FAYETTEVILLE ST. 52

New Store. New Goods.

Just Opened.

NEW STOCK

Dry Goods and Clothing,

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

DRESS GOODS AND CALICOES,
BOOTS, SHOES AND UMBRELLAS,

HATS, CAPS AND FURS.

Having removed from our old place of business to the well known store of James M. Towles, No. 52, Fayetteville street, we are prepared to meet the wants of our friends and customers.

Come and see us in our New Store

se22-d1y D. S. WAITT & BRO.

C. F. RAU, SHOW CASE MANUFACTURER,

No. 62½ WEST BALTIMORE STREET. BALTIMORE, MD.

se22-d-3m.

BAGGING & TIES

FLOUR, FLOUR, FLOUR.

Sugar and Coffee.

CHEESE, CRACKERS AND CAKES,

OYSTERS, BRANDY PEACHES,

TWO-HOOP BUCKETS, BRASS HOOP BUCKETS

BUGGY HARNESS, SADDLES, SOAP, STARCH, CONCENTRATED LYE, CANDLES.

SHOES, SHOES, SHOES.

A large assortment of above and all other Groceries just received, and for sale low.

E. F. JONES & CO.

$20, $50, $100, $200, $500.

ALEX. FROTHINGHAM & CO., Bankers and Brokers, No. 12 Wall Street New York, make for customers desirable investments of large or small amounts in stocks of a legitimate character, which frequently pay from five to twenty times the amount invested in thirty days. Reliable stock Privileges negotiated at favorable rates. Stocks bought and carried as long as desired on deposit of three to five per cent deodly

REMOVAL OF OFFICE.

DR. WILLIAM LITTLE,

Office: at his residence, corner of Blount Street and Newbern Avenue. jan14-1y.

50 BBLS. FLOUR, ASSORTED GRADES.

25 sacks Coffee, assorted grades.

25 barrels yellow Extra C and Granulated Sugars, bought for cash and will be sold low.

J. J. THOMAS,
aug27-daw-6m. No. 8, Martin street.

50,000 BBS. CLEAR RIB BULK SIDES.

2,000 lbs BACON SIDES,
2,000 lbs Bacon Shoulders,

bought for cash at the decline, and will be sold low.

J. J. THOMAS,
aug17-daw6m No. 8, Martin street.

BY TELEGRAPH.

NOON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

The Court of Claims--Congressional--The Pacific Railroad--The Plot Against Whitthorne--The Dirty Murtaugh.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The greater part of the claims for proceeds of captured and abandoned cotton, and other property not barred by the statute, were ascertained by judgments and recoveries of the claimants thereon in the court of claims from the year 1867 to 1876, inclusive, the total being $11,530,939. Most of the pending suits brought after the time limited by the statute involve claims in the aggregate amounting to $12,000,000. On many other claims apparently pending, no action had been taken for a long time, and therefore the Assistant Attorney General moved to dismiss them for want of prosecution. There were 2,198 suits. The motion was granted in 1,190 cases, and 1,247 were dismissed by consent of claimants. The aggregate of claims thus disposed of was $14,138,685.

The Senate during the morning hour passed the House bill making appropriations to supply the deficiencies in the contingent fund of the House of Representatives, with various amendments of an unimportant character.

Mr. Morton, from the committee on Privileges and Elections, submitted a resolution discharging Enos Runyan, of the firm of Martin & Runyan, bankers and brokers, of Wall street, New York, from the custody of the Sergeant-at-Arms, he having purged himself of contempt.

The Pacific Railroad committee agreed unanimously to report the bill. It leaves the conflicting branches from New Orleans an open question.

The Judiciary Committee had no meeting.

In the committee investigating the police board, Maj. Richards, chief of police, testified that Murtaugh, the president of the board, had requested him to watch Representative Whitthorne and if found in any questionable place to arrest him. The motive was to break the force of the report of the naval committee. This cheme does not appear to have been a plot to entice Whitthorne on to danger, but to arrest him on any trivial pretext.

FOREIGN.

Heavy Insurance on an Overdue Steamer--Failure--Business in London--No War Anticipated.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Sixty guineas per hundred has been paid at Lloyd's to effect an insurance on the steamer Colomba. The Colomba sailed from Hull Dec. 3rd for New York, and passed Lizard Dec. 6th, but has not yet arrived at her destination.

Alex. Bain, LL. D., an eminent author and scholar, is dead.

Snow, Taylor & Sherwell, silk merchants of Bristol, have failed. Their liabilities are £80,000.

Business on the stock exchange is lifeless, pending the news from to-day's sitting of the conference. The continued wet weather also depresses all kinds of business. The prevailing opinion in this city is that there will not be war even if the conference breaks up. The exceptional strength of consols is due to the cheapness of money and the growing feeling that whatever Russia and Turkey may do England will not be embroiled.

NEW YORK.

Arrest of Orton--Every Effort to be Made to Suppress the Telegrams--The Bennett-Gordon Duel--A Mortal Wound Feared.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—Mr. Wm. Orton, President of the Western Union Telegraph Company was taken to Washington this morning on the 9:30 limited express in custody of a deputy Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives.

The officers of the company state that every lawful means will be resorted to for ensuring the secrecy of dispatches passing through the company's office. They also state that the present time is a most opportune one for pushing their demands to that end.

The *Tribune* says that a private dispatch was received from Baltimore at a late hour last night to the effect that Frederick May had been wounded in the thigh in his duel with Bennett, and that the injury is severe, that it was feared that a fatal result would ensue.

New Jersey Legislature.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 11.—The House has organized by the election of R. F. Rabes, Democrat, Speaker; John Y. Foster, Republican, clerk; J. H. Potts, Republican, assistant clerk; G. Gable, Republican, engrossing clerk; John B. Fell, Republican, Sergeant-at-Arms, Wm. H. Brown, Democrat; assistant Sergeant-at-Arms S. W. Bell, Democrat, doorkeeper; and E. B. Smith Republican, assistant doorkeeper. The vote was 34 to 26; four Republicans voting with the Democrats.

Fire at Long Branch.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Jan. 11.—The Central Hotel and several adjoining buildings were burned at 3 o'clock this morning. The loss is about $40,000. The hotel was owned by Mr. Samuel Cohen, of New York.

Railroad Accident.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 11.—A passenger train on the Lexington and Big Sandy Railroad ran off the track near Star Station, Kentucky, yesterday, cutting the engineer, John Mains, legs off and injuring four passengers, the latter not seriously.

NIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

Congressional--The Police Board Case--Grant and His Abettors Caucassing--Henderson's Pardon--Testimony in the Oregon $8,000 Case--Another Brother-in-law Provided for, etc.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The House passed the consular and diplomatic and military academy appropriation bills. All the amendments offered to the former in the way of reducing salaries were defeated.

The Senate discussed the bill to perfect the revision of statutes all day.

Nominations: Stewart L. Woodford, Attorney for the District of New York, Elias Griswold, Judge of the Northern District of Florida.

It has transpired in the committee investigating the police board, that Murtaugh suggested to Richards in case Witthorne did not visit disreputable places, that some woman be employed to entice him. Richards swears that he pretended willingness to comply with Murtaugh's suggestions. Murtaugh called the new police board together, but his colleagues did not appear. It is stated that the President intends signing the bill abolishing the board as soon as it reaches him.

Gen. Auger's dispatches to-day contain nothing of importance.

The President, Secretary of War and Sheridan were in consultation to-day.

Mrs. Beerthlot and Miss Henderson, daughters of John Henderson, Esq., who was convicted of whiskey frauds, left for Mount Vernon, West Virginia, this evening, with their father's pardon.

Runyan, the New York banker, testified that he drew the check of $8,000 for Conrad N. Jourdan, cashier of the Third National Bank. As far as witness knew, W. T. Pelton had no connection with the drafts.

Alexander Sharp was nominated to-day as pay master in the army with the rank of Major. He is the President's brother-in-law, and has for nearly eight years been United States Marshal for the District of Columbia.

The Senate had a short executive session but there were no Southern confirmations.

David Dudley Field, of New York, was seated in the House to-day

NEW ORLEANS.

Quiet Restored--Packard's Militia Organizing--Two Republican Legislators Desert--Ballot for Senator--The Republican Senate Without a Quorum, &c.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 11.—There is no change in the situation this morning, and the orders of Gen. Auger, virtually forbidding any aggressive movements by either party will doubtless prevent any collision. All eyes are turned to Washington watching events there. Gov. Packard has commissioned A. S. Badger Major General of the Louisiana State National Guard and ordered him to organize the first division to-day. The *Republican* in summing up the situation this morning admits that if force is to decide the question of supremacy the Republicans are powerless against their opponents who, it says, are fully organized, equipped and trained in the use of arms.

2 P. M.—Two members of the Republican House, Mr. Darrett of Rapides, and Mr. Kennedy of St. Charles, are just reported as having withdrawn from that body and giving their reasons therefor in speeches.

2:45 P. M.—The Republican Legislature had one ballot for U. S. Senator this evening, resulting as follows: Pinchback 30; Antoine 21; Lewis 13; Beattie 12; Anderson 4, and scattering 6. The Republican Senate is still without a quorum. One member of the House came in to-day and that body still has a quorum. Pinchback's friends claim that he is master of the senatorial situation. No disturbance.

THE RAIL.

A Car Goes Down Forty Feet, Yet None Fatally Hurt--A Broken Rail Ditches a Train Load of Invalids, Seriously Injuring One.

RICHMOND, Jan. 11.—The passenger car on the Chesapeake & Ohio Road went down forty feet in the frozen Greenbrier River. The ice supported the car. Seven were hurt; none fatally. Mrs. Hall, of White Sulphur Springs, had a leg broken.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., Jan 11.—The night train over the Virginia Midland Road, hence South, at 2:45 this morning encountered a broken rail near Manassas. The sleeper from Boston to Danville and the sleeper from Washington to New Orleans left the track. The obstructions were removed and trains are running on schedule. Among the wounded are Capt. Stokes, [illegible] slightly, and W. A. McAllister, of Atlanta. Most of the passengers were invalids on their way to Florida. Of the wounded all have comparatively slight injuries except Mr. Lyle, of Pennsylvania, and the negro porter, the former of whom, being over seventy years of age, may not recover.

NEW YORK.

Will Keep the Telegrams Secret if Possible--Failure.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—In connection with President Orton's arrest, the officers of the Western Union Telegraph Company state that every lawful means will be resorted to for ensuring the secrecy of dispatches passing through the company's office. They also state that the present time is the most opportune one for pushing their demands to that end.

Wranshaw & Co., wholesale dealers in fancy goods and notions, have failed: liabilities $150,000.

A Democrat in Frelinghuysen's Place.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 11.—The four Republicans who voted with the Democrats on the organization of the House, are Van Renssaclar, Howell, Wightman and Vail. This result secures a Democratic United States Senator in place of Frelinghuysen.

Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—For the South Atlantic States, falling barometer, warmer, south-east to south-west winds, increasing cloudiness, possibly rain areas and followed by rising barometer.

A Live Russian Minister in Norfolk.

NORFOLK, Jan. 11.—The Russian minister and admiral commanding the Russian fleet arrived here to-night. The fleet has not arrived.

Just a Friendly Visit.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Jan. 11.—Wheeler says his visit to Hayes is simply to renew old friendship.

J. L. Stone wholesale and retail dealer in all kinds of sewing machines and sewing machine supplies, (cheap for cash.) No one can afford to buy a machine without calling to see me in person or send for price list. You will find my terms better than ever have been offered in North Carolina. I have on hand the White, Davis, American, St. John, Royal Singer, Weed, Howe, Domestic, Florence, Home Shuttle, and Buckeye. These machines are all *new*. And are warranted to give satisfaction. Office hours from 10, A. M. to 2, P. M. Office 2nd door South of market house, Fayetteville St., Raleigh N. C.

The beautiful Archduchess Matilda of Austria, was burned to death by the upsetting and explosion of a kerosene oil lamp. Pratt's Astral Oil does not explode under any circumstances. Is absolutely safe. Burns in any lamp. Is free from smell or smoke. Julius Lewis & Co., hardware merchants, sole agents. Raleigh, N. C.

ORANGES! ORANGES!!

Delicious Havana Oranges at 40 cts per doz.

Less by the 100.

AT

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH'S.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The Supreme Court.

The following was the business before this tribunal yesterday:

B. A. and John B. Green, vs. Geo. J. Green, from Union. Wilson & Son and Battle & Mordecai for plaintiffs, McCorkle & Bailey and Smith & Strong for defendant. Continued.

F. C. Bowman, assignee, vs. C. E. Turner, administrator et al., from Harnett. Neill McKay and W. M'L. McKay for plaintiff, and B. I. Howze for defendants. Continued.

J. J. Hasty and wife vs. Robt. Simpson, from Union. Merrimon, Fuller & Ashe for plaintiffs, C. Dowd and W. J. Montgomery for defendant. Continued.

State vs. John H. Threadgill, from Anson. Attorney-General for the State, S. J. Pemberton and Dargan & Pemberton for defendant. Papers handed up.

Thos. J. Haywood, administrator, vs. R. W. Hardie from Cumberland. Neill McKay, N. W. Ray and J. W. Hinsdale for plaintiff, B. Fuller and Merrimon, Fuller & Ashe for defendant. Papers handed up.

Commissioners of Union county vs. Carolina Central Railway Company, from Union. Argued: Merrimon, Fuller & Ashe for plaintiffs, Robt. Strange for defendant.

V. Mauney, administrator, vs. Stokes Ingram, from Montgomery. J. W. Mauney for plaintiff, Neill McKay, Dargan & Pemberton and J. W. Hinsdale for defendant. Continued.

Reuben Henry vs. Wm. C. Smith et al., from Anson. Dargan & Pemberton and John Manning for plaintiff, no counsel for defendant. Appeal dismissed.

John Frazier et al., vs. Neill Ferguson, from Moore. John Manning and J. D. McIver for plaintiffs, Neill McKay for defendant. Appeal withdrawn.

Sam'l. Barrett vs. W. B. Richardson et al., from Moore. Argued: Neill McKay for plaintiff, John Manning for defendant.

State vs. Allen Carter from Richmond. Argued: Attorney-General for State, no counsel for defendant.

State vs. A. H. A. Belk, from Union. Argued: Attorney-General for the State, no counsel for defendant.

State vs. Josiah Brooks, from Union. Argued: Attorney-General for the State, J. W. Hinsdale for defendant.

State vs. Gus. Graham, from Anson. Argued: Attorney-General for the State, no counsel for defendant.

State and Nancy C. Hair vs. John C. Johnson, from Harnett. Argued: Attorney-General and Neill McKay for State, no counsel for defendant.

Wall and Leak, executors, vs. J. A. Covington et al., from Richmond. Argued: John D. Shaw for plaintiffs, no counsel for defendants.

John A. Long et al., vs. Commissioners of Richmond, from Richmond. Argued: John D. Shaw for plaintiffs, Platt D. Walker and John N. Staples for defendants.

RELIEF FOR THE POOR.

List of Distributors of the Y. M. C. A.

In order that every one may know to whom to send poor persons applying for aid the following list of distributors of the Young Men's Christian Association is published. Let it be remembered first, that Fayetteville and Halifax streets run right through the city, from north to south, dividing it into east and west. The ward divisions commence with the central division of Fayetteville and Halifax streets, and run east and west, and will be so termed:

No. 1—John Armstrong, between Cabarrus and South streets, west; W. W. Holden, assistant.

No. 2—W. C. Stronach, between Cabarrus and South streets, east; S. D. Wait, assistant.

No. 3—S. L. Riddle, between Martin and Cabarrus streets, west.

No. 4—N. B. Broughton, between Martin and Cabarrus streets, east.

No. 5—A. M. McPheeters, between Morgan and Martin streets, west.

No. 6—Dr. C. J. Nall, between Morgan and Martin streets, east.

No. 7—R. W. Best, between Edenton and Morgan streets, west.

No. 8—W. S. Primrose, between Edenton and Morgan streets, east.

No. 9—W. J. Young, between Lane and Edenton streets, west.

No. 10—W. R. Atkinson, between Lane and Edenton streets, east.

No. 11—B. R. Harding, between Johnson and Lane streets, west.

No. 12—J. M. Heck, between Johnson and Lane streets, east.

Bondholders in the City.

Messrs. Andrew Kevan, of Petersburg, Va., W. G. Chittick, of Orange, N. J., C. F. Ilsley, of Milwaukee, Wis., and W. J. Best, Thomas Foulke and Wm. Lummis, of New York, arrived in this city last evening by the Raleigh and Gaston train and took rooms at the Yarbrough House. These gentlemen are holders of North Carolina bonds of different classes, and are visiting Raleigh at present to endeavor to effect some adjustment of their claims against the State. Our readers will be kept posted as to all negotiations touching this matter.

ALLCOCK'S

POROUS PLASTERS.

Ask for Allcock's, and obtain them, and so avoid miserable imitations.

B. BRANDRETH, Pres't.
Office 291 Canal St., N. Y.

no3d&w3m.

WANTED.

A situation by a young man, who is willing, able and WILL WORK. Of steady habits. Good reference. Wages are no object. Apply

EQUIT,
jan6-tf Post Office.

COMMERCIAL REPORT.

COTTON.

Reported by J. J. THOMAS.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 11, 1877.

	@	Cents.
Middling,	12	"
Strict Low Middling,	11¾	"
Low Middling,	11½	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	11¼	"
Good Ordinary,	11	"
Ordinary,	10¾	"
Middling Stains,	11½	"
Low Middling Stains,	10¾	"
Good Ordinary Stains,	10¼	"

Tone of market, weak and lower, in sympathy with the decline in Liverpool and New York.

General Merchandise.

WHOLESALE CASH PRICES.

Corrected by WAINWRIGHT, WILLIAMS & HOOD.

By appointment from Board of Trade.

COTTON TIES, new, 7½ cents.
" " old, 5 "
BAGGING, 2¼ lbs. to yard, 14.
CORN, 65.
CORN MEAL, 65.
FLOUR, family, North Carolina, $6.00.
" extra, " 5.75.
MEAT, Clear Rib Bulk Sides, 11¼.
PORK, N. C., 8½a9.
LARD, Western, 14.
COFFEE, Rio, 20, 23½a25.
SUGAR, white, 12½a14.
" yellow, 10½a12¼.
SALT, Liverpool, fine, $2.25.
LEATHER, Red Sole, 25a28.
BUTTER, N. C., 25a30.
BEESWAX, 20a25.
EGGS, per dozen, 25a30.
RAGS, 2½.
OATS, shelled, 60a65.
" sheaf, $1.25.
FODDER, 80a$1.25.
POTATOES, sweet, 50 cts. per bushel.
" Irish, 60a$1.00.

Henderson Tobacco Market.

Reported by J. S. MEADOWS & Co.

We continue to quote prices as follows which refers to our tobaccos:

LUGS.	
Common,	$5 00 to $6 00
Good,	6 00 to 8 00
LEAF.	
Common,	7 00 to 8 00
Good,	9 00 to 10 00
Fine,	10 00 to 12 00
LUGS.	
Bright,	10 00 to 15 00
Good,	15 00 to 20 00
Fine,	25 00 to 30 00
BRIGHT WRAPPERS.	
Common	15 00 to 20 00
Good,	25 00 to 40 00
Fine,	50 00 to 75 00
Fancy,	75 00 to 100 00.

Telegraphic Market Report.

NIGHT.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—Money dull at 3. Sterling quiet, 4¼. Gold 6a6.1-16. Governments active and steady. New fives 11¼. States quiet and steady.

Cotton quiet; sales 863 bales at 13a13 3-16. Consolidated net receipts 84,165; exports to Great Britain 6,735; France 1,253; channel 5,740.

Flour without decided change, very moderate demand for export and home use. Southern wheat quiet, prices generally without decided change. Corn slightly in buyers' favor. Oats firm but quiet. Coffee, rio, firm. Sugar quiet and unchanged. Molasses quiet at 48a58. Rice steady. Tallow firm. Rosin easier. Turpentine firmer. Pork heavy and lower. Lard closed quiet. Whiskey firm. Freights to Liverpool dull.

Cotton net receipts 1,077 bales; gross 2,691; Futures closed weak—sales 62,000 bales, January 12 15-16; February 13 a13 1-32; March 13¼; April 13 5-32; May 13⅜a21-32, June 13 25-32a13-16; July 13 29-32; August 13 15-16a31-32; September 13 31-32a14⅛; October 13¼a5-16; November 13⅜a⅝-16.

NORFOLK, Jan. 11.—Cotton—dull, middling 12¾; net receipts 2,163; exports coastwise 2,374.

WILMINGTON, Jan. 11.—Cotton, steady—middling 12¾; net receipts 544; sales 142.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 11.—Cotton, dull, middling 13; sales 150; exports coastwise 120; gross receipts 206.

BOSTON, Jan. 11.—Cotton quiet—middling [illegible]

PHILADELPHIA, Jan 11.—Cotton quiet, middling 13¼; net receipts 604; gross 671.

MOBILE, Jan. 11.—Cotton weak, middling 12¼; net receipts 1,051; sales 500; exports to continent 1,810; coastwise 2,577.

IRON FENCING, GRATING, WINDOW SHUTTERS, PLOWS, HARROWS, CULTIVATORS, STRAW CUTTERS, LOG SCREWS AND CLAMPS, COTTON SCREWS,

Cotton Presses, Jack Screws, Tobacco Presses and Cigar Presses.

Also, the miller can find his delight, a well balanced Spindle, with or without the Gears, necessary to furnish a complete mill. The sawyer his friend in

A GOOD BOILER AND ENGINE,

which we claim to be second to none in repairing or putting in running order, or in fact any kind of machinery at the lowest cash prices.

Having first-class tools, as well as workmen, we guarantee to do

FIRST-CLASS WORK.

Come One! Come All!

Give us a trial and satisfy yourselves. We will furnish you with

Castings,

Large or Small, for Mills, Hoisting Machines, Horse Powers, Cotton Screws, Derricks, Stone Trucks, Saw Mills, Hand Irons, OR ANYTHING YOU WANT,

At the Foundry and Machine Shops of

W. T. ADAMS & SONS,

P. O. Box 218, Raleigh, N. C.

☞ OLD IRON taken in exchange for work, or bought at highest market prices. [jan3-dly

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The Co-Partnership heretofore existing under the name of Carpenter & Earl, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Their successors in business, Messrs. G. W. CARPENTER & CO., are authorized to collect all debts due the old firm.

G. W. CARPENTER,
JOHN EARL.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 10, 1877.

As successors of Messrs. Carpenter & Earl we shall continue the

Coal, Wood and Lumber

business at their old place, and shall be prepared to fill orders left at Carmer's drug store, or sent to us, either by mail, or to yard direct.

jan11-tf. G. W. CARPENTER & CO.

IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE

3,000 Bundles of the Celebrated Arrow Cotton Ties.

20,000 Yards heavy Cotton Bagging, in 50 and 100 Yard Rolls.

2,000 lbs. Bagging Twine.

These goods are direct from manufacturer and first hands. Low and special rates dealers and ginners in round lots. Write prices. J. J. THOMAS,
au 27-d&w-6m. No. 8, Martin street.

SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, &c.

BINGHAM SCHOOL.

Mebaneville, N. C.

The 166th session begins January 10, 1877. Tuition and Board REDUCED to $130. For circular apply to

dec13-1m MAJ. R. BINGHAM.

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

The Thirty-sixth session of the Misses Nash and Miss Kollock's School will open on Friday February 2, 1877. Board and Tuition reduced to $105. Circulars sent on application.

dec 27-every 3rd-1m.

WE ARE RECEIVING DAILY A FULL LINE OF FRESH GOODS.

Cheap for Cash!

GOODS GUARANTEED OR NO SALE.

Just Received:

25 bbls Sugars—A, B, C, and "Zeb;"
25 sacks Coffee—all grades;
10 boxes C. R. Bacon;
5 boxes Br. Bacon;
5 boxes Smoked Shoulders;
5 tierces Sugar Cured Hams;
10 bbls Grits and Hominy;
100 bbls Flour—all grades;
200 bbls Meal—bolted;
100 bdls Arrow Ties;
100 rolls Bagging;

SADDLES! SADDLES! SADDLES!

Call and see our stock of

Boots and Shoes.

We are prepared to sell whole stock goods cheaper than any other parties on the market. We buy for cash. Our "Zeb Vance" Boot can't be beat.

jan9-tf GEO. T. STONACH & CO.

OSBORN HOUSE

Corner Wilmington and Davie Sts.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

This house is pleasantly located in the business part of the city, convenient to the post-office and and has undergone

THOROUGH REPAIRS,

and fitted up in a style to give the travelling public every satisfaction. With

ATTENTIVE SERVANTS,

the Proprietor engages himself to make the House for comfort unsurpassed by any other in the city.

ADMISSION AT ALL HOURS,

and charges moderate.

C. D. OSBORN,
Proprietor.

BOARD, per day,	- - - -	$1.50.
" per week,	- - - -	7.00.
" per month	- - - -	20.00.

jan10-1mon

ANOTHER CERTIFICATE ON THE purity of Liquors sold by TONNOFFSKI.

PURE APPLE BRANDY AT TONNOFFSKI'S.

3 YEAR OLD NORTH CAROLINA CORN Whisky at TONNOFFSKI'S.

PEPPER & JEFFERSON RYE WHISKY, a pure article, at TONNOFFSKI'S.

C. W. FARRETT & CO.'S PURE SCUPPERNONG and Blackberry Wines at TONNOFFSKI'S.

A FULL LINE OF GROCERIES AND Confections at TONNOFFSKI'S,
no28-d3m jan 9

WINE! WINE!!

PURE WINES AT REDUCED PRICES.

125,000 GRAPE VINES,
75,000 GRAPE CUTTINGS,
STRAWBERRY PLANTS,
RASPBERRY4 IMPROVED
BLACKBERRY, CURRANT
and GOOSEBERRY PLANTS,

For sale at reduced prices.

S. T. MICKEY,
jan11-3m. Salem, N. C.

ERIE CITY IRON WORKS

A full line of traveling, portable and stationary

ENGINES,
BOILERS,
SAW MILLS,
AND WOOD-
WORKING
MACHINERY

TURBINE WHEELS,
and all kinds of
PLANTATION MACHINERY

Constantly on hand.
Address,
ERIE CITY IRON WORKS,
dec31-3w. Charlotte, N. C.

WHISKEY, BRANDY, WINE

A large and complete stock just received.

For sale at low figures.

R. F. JONES & Co.
Wholesale Liquor Dealers.

aug18d&wly.

WANTED.

TO RENT—A good Piano or Parlor Organ

Apply at

THIS OFFICE.

LOST.

Was lost about December 28th, a black and white POINTER PUP, about six months old—answers to the name of "Scott." A liberal reward will be paid for his return to the Southern Express Company.

jan11-1w.

WALTER CLARK,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Practices in the State and Federal Courts. Collections made in any part of the State. Office in Law Building, Fayetteville Street. ap15 1y

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

(Over Citizens' National Bank,)

RALEIGH, N. C.

Attends all the Courts in Fayetteville and Raleigh. Collections made in any part of the State. Refers by permission to each of the Banks at Raleigh, and to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court

may 9 dly

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP OF

NORRIS & MYATT.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between M. T. Norris and W. A. Myatt, under the name, firm and style of Norris & Myatt, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

Parties indebted to the firm will please call at the office heretofore occupied by Norris & Myatt and settle, as a dissolution of the firm requires an adjustment of all their claims.

M. T. NORRIS.
W. A. MYATT, Jr.

Raleigh, Jan. 4th, 1877.

NEW FIRM

Notice to the Public!

I have this day purchased the interest of W A. Myatt, in the firm of Norris & Myatt, and have associated with me J. A. Norris, of Apex, Wake county, and will continue to do business at the old stand of Norris & Myatt, where I shall be pleased to see my former patrons and customers.

M. T. NORRIS.

Raleigh, Jan. 4th, 1877.

M. T. NORRIS. J. A. NORRIS

M. T. NORRIS & CO.

At the old Stand of Norris & Myatt.

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers and

Commission Merchants.

Consignments of Cotton and other produce solicited. Best prices guaranteed.

jan 5-D3m M. T. NORRIS & CO.

REMOVAL

C. WEIKEL,

The Leading Tailor of North Carolina,

HAS REMOVED TO HOLLEMAN'S

NEW BUILDING,

One door below the

Raleigh National Bank Building.

COME AND SEE ME.

oct 1-6m C. WEIKEL.

IN SPITE OF HARD TIMES LAW & CO'S CHINA STORE is a Success. NEW RALEIGH

Crockery, Chi a, Glass, Silver-Ware, Table Cutlery Lamps, Vases, &c., have gone far beyond our expectations, and have brought GRDERS and CUSTOMERS from nearly every county in the State.

First-Class Goods, fully guaranteed, (none others kept,) bought in New York at PANIC PRICES, besides BARGAINS in ob lots are sold by us every day. WE DEFY COMPETITION in price or quality, and will sell

Queensware, China Sets, Knives Lamps, Silver Casters, Spoons and Forks,

Let every one call or write us before buying. SMALL CRATES

CHAIR MERCHANTS PACKED UP HERE.

au 28-daw8m LAW & CO. Raleigh, N. C.

T. C. HARRIS
Engraver on Wood
Oxford N. C.

jan9-dtf

CORN, OATS, MEAL, FLOUR, FODDER, SHUCKS, &c.

Very Cheap.

At GATTIS & JONES,
53 Fayetteville St.

RYE CHOPS, MADE TO ORDER—OUR OWN RECIPE—

The Best Horse and Cow Feed Extant,

At GATTIS & JONES,
jan10-tf

GOOD NEWS.

Arriving daily at STALL No 10, Market House, from North River. Parties desiring to purchase will do well to send their orders before the arrival of the eastern train.

dec12-1m ISAAC LONG.

NEW ADVERTISMENTS.

$55 to $77 a Week to Agents. Samples free. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me.

READY FOR AGENTS—THE CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION

Described and Illustrated.

A graphic pen-picture of its history, grand buildings, wonderful exhibits, curiosities, great days, etc. Profusely illustrated, thoroughly popular, and very cheap. Is selling immensely. 5,000 AGENTS WANTED. Send for full particulars. This is the chance of 100 years to coin money fast. Get the only reliable history. HUBBARD BROTHERS, Pubs., 738 Sansom street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CAUTION.—Be not deceived by premature books assuming to be "official," and telling what will happen in August and September.

25 Extra Fine Mixed Cards, with name, 10 cts., post-paid. L. JONES & CO., Nassau, N. Y.

$55 to $77 a week to Agents. Samples free. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

WANTED.—Men to sell to merchants. $90 a month and traveling expenses paid. Gem Mfg. Co., St. Louis, Mo.

THE LITTLE ROCK AND FORT SMITH RAILWAY HAS FOR SALE

Farming Lands, Grazing Lands, Fruit Lands, Vine-Lands, Coal Lands, Wood Lands, some Prairie Lands, Bottom Lands, and uplands, on terms to suit the purchaser. Six per cent. interest on deferred payments. Ten per cent. discount for cash. For full particulars, maps and pamphlets, apply to W. D. SLACK, Land Commissioner, Little Rock, Arkansas.

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